YOLUME II.]

PARIS, (ME.) THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1825.

NUMBER 67.

Mr. Noah's Oration.

The following is the Oration delivered by M. M. NOAH, "Governor and Judge of Israel," at Buffalo, on the occasion of the foundation of the City of ARARAT and the re-organization of the Jewish government:

Brothers, Countrymen and Friends,

Having made known by proclamation the re-estabthundation of a city of a fuge, an asylum for the oppless. country. ernment—the progress and effect of emigration, and will always be sustained by public opinion. By this descendants of the Patriarchs, are nevertheless more all those vicissitudes arising from change of climate—test I wish to be judged.

Lest I wish to be judged.

Born in a free country, and educated with liberal generous to an afflicted people.

I shall not deceive the expectations of the world.

Lest I wish to be judged.

Born in a free country, and educated with liberal generous to an afflicted people.

The settlement of the Jews in England was coeval with Julius Cæsar; the inroads of the Saxons and

pacitated to encourage and enforce them, than at cilities and a more ardent zeal in attempting to read and subdivided into various sects, assumes a mild-pendent people, to such will I cheerfully surrender and direction to that trade and commerce, which has a solution of the tent of ty have supered at the darkness and bigotry of form- I cannot be insensible to the many difficulties which the globe. During the reign of William Rufus and preached. In modern times the Jews have been tran-

face of the globe they still retain their homogeneconsideration by strong and irresistible impulse, the
ple—proud of their Gor, proud of their distinction,
and even proud of their sufferings. Bending before
the tribunals of power, yielding to persecution and attempt shall result in ameliorating the condition of without respect.

Liknow this country, its soil, climate and tion from King John, to be again pillaged, proscribed resources, and confidently embark in the undertaking, and murdered, and for five hundred years their condition underwent no material change. Occasionally
dition underwent no material change. Occasionally
protected but too frequently oppressed, deprived of the matural rights of subjects and citizens, it was not surprising if the Jews in England during those periods, and in the 17th century they were wealthy and flourthe tribunals of power, yielding to persecution and attempt shall result in ameliorating the condition of without respect. During the reign of George II. a the tribunals of power, yielding to persecution and attempt shall result in ameliorating the condition of without respect. During the reign of George II, a and academies, over which some of the greatest men

ed by our happy and sa', ev institutions, it is proper a few Jews in this happy land admonished by advantages, endeavored to encourage and extend throughout Germany, there must be nearly two milfor me to state that t'. evylum is temporary and prothe past, and animated by anticipations of the fucivilization among a rude and barbarous people. Their lions and a half of Jews. Nearly a million of which

man Porte. The Turkish sceptre becomes weaker land of strangers: we have long submitted patiently daily. Russia will march upon Constantinople. The to oppression: we have long auxiously expected a Egyptians are cultivating the useful arts, and are entered that they still labor under the families were permitted to return. In the 17th and strong personal and religious prejudices. couraging commerce and agriculture. The Turks, rible periods of calamity, we have done nothing for driven beyond the Bosphorus, may leave the land of ourselves. The Almighty, who has covered us with a coupy their former places of residence, though still tion of the land of ourselves. Canaan free for the occupancy of its rightful owners, the shield of his paternal love, has given us moral and the wealth and enterprize of the Jews may make agents, by which, with his divine aid, we are to affect of the barbarians, and such feelings were encouraged valuable rights. it desirable for them to reclaim their former possess our own deliverance. We have senses, judgment, and perpetuated by an edict of the government comsion by and with the consent of the Christian powers, powers of sell government, energy, capacity, and pelling them to wear a distinctive dress. who mere enlightened, and consequently more toler- weath. If, with all these great requisites we still During the French Revolution, the Jews claimed dustry, in patience and in all the duties of husband,

unstring finger of Providence, the Jews coming from continue to supplicate God for our restoration, who istence. Among the philanthropists of the age who from the paths of rectitude, let it be remembered the language, habits and prejudices of each country. Why should the parent of nations, the oldest of peovenerable and pious friend, the Bishop Gregoire, to If in the narrow and crooked channels of traffic, in Assimilating only in religious doctrines, and divided ple, the founders of religion, wander among the gov- whom the lews owe an incalculable debt of gratitude. which persecution has driven some of them, they at Assimilating only in rengious accuraces, and divided pic, the founders of reugion, wander among the government, of the earth, intrealing succour and protections and the diversity of opinions and views would create factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those factions of purity and protecting ourselves?

The civil revolution in the condition of our brethren in France, gave rise to the moral one, which results and good faith, let us call to mind that their virtues at Paris, by the decrea of 1806, and which presented been magnified.—Shut out from more noble pursuits, tal ones which existed in the time of the first and see the admiration of the world, and we must commence to the world a galaxy of talent and learning which they have been left without that incentive to good country that the govern- the work in a country free from ignoble prejudices would do honor to any age or country. The Jews in ment of the Jews must be organized. Here, under and legal disqualifications—a country, in which liber- France are citizens, and the charter granted by the reward of merit which has been amply afforded to the inflaence of perfect freedom, they may study ty can be insured to the Jews without the loss of one good king, Louis the 18th, confirmed all their rights, others, Laws—cultivate their minds, acquire liberal principal drop of blood.

They are manufacturers, agriculturalists, merchants | Why should Christians persecute Jews? Sprung as to men and measures, and quality themselves | The present condition of our people throughout the and bankers, and many of them possess distinguished from a common stock, and connected by human ties meat in the land of the Patriarchs.

land, by the illustrions legislator of the Jews and in the interior, and particularly in Jerusalem, are poor sion over this proscribed and unhappy people.

mere colonization. The world has a right to know of concentrating the general voice, there can be no may be likewise attributed to those numerous Jews retheir residence in that beautiful but neglected part of siding in Egypt and in Persia; they have many wealdependence, and what measures are contemplated to must be assumed by divine permission, and the power thy men in Alexandria, Cairo, Ispahan, and the nu- Spain is a miraculous and providential instance of dependence, and what measures are contemplated to must be assumed by givine permission, and the power of mankind—the security of persons and property—who assumes this power, who takes the lead in the from countries yet uncivilized, we turn to those, the is weaker in resources, in character, in the means the mankind—the security of persons and property—who assumes this power, who takes the lead in the from countries yet uncivilized, we turn to those, the is weaker in resources, in character, in the means the means the first power in the means the security of persons and property—who assumes this power, who takes the lead in the first power in the means the me the changes incidental to the revival of the Jewish gov- great work of regeneration and judges righteously, which, still withholding the rights of man from the of sustaining independence and national rights, in

Two thousand years have nearly elapsed since the in various public trusts-ardently attached to the Danes have obliterated much of the chronicles and dissolution of the Jewish government, and no period principles of our holy faith, and having devoted years traditions relative to their early existence in that more happily conditioned than her neighbor. has presented itself more auspiciously than the pre- of labor and study to ameliorate the condition of the country.—William the Conquerer brought with him a sent for its re-organization. Peace exists among civ- Jews, with an unsullied conscience and a firm reliance large colony from Normandy, and for a stipulated ilized powers, the march of learning and science has on Almighty Gon, I offer myself as an humble instru- sum of money conferred upon them certain commer- yet, while subjected to the persecution of the Chrisbeen rapid and successful, and mankind are at this ment of his divine will and solicit the confidence and cial privileges, and assigned them places to inhabit. day better qualified to estimate the blessings of toler- protection of our beloved brethren throughout the It was in the feudal ages that the Jews of Britain recollect and grateful to acknowledge the kindness ation and liberal views, and better disposed and ca- world. If there be any person possessing greater fa- were the most enlightened, tolerant and poliched, and protection afforded them by several of the Ro-

er ages. The nations of the old and new world, in- may present themselves in the successful progress of Henry II. the Jews were favored and protected, quil residents of that ancient City, yet at this day, chaling the children of Africa, have had their rights the great work of regeneration. The attempt may acknowledged, and their governments re-organized, be pronounced visionary and impracticable—the reThe oldest of nations, powerful in numbers and great luctance of some to countenance the effort—the timito attend mass under penalty of a certain sum of moing the children of Africa, have had their rights the great work of regeneration. The attempt may though always considered vassals of the crown, to be they are compelled to wear a distinctive badge, to tolerated or pillaged according to the caprices of govreside in a separate part of the town, and at periods ernment. The cruelties practised towards them durto attend mass under penalty of a certain sum of moing the children of Africa, have had their rights the great work of regeneration. The attempt may though always considered vassals of the crown, to be
tolerated or pillaged according to the caprices of govreside in a separate part of the town, and at periods
ernment. The cruelties practised towards them durnet. In most of the cities in Italy the laws enjoy in resources, remains isolated, without a home, a dity of others, and the apprehensions of all may be ing the misguided periods of the crusade, caused ney. In most of the cities in Italy, the Jews enjoy arrayed against an enterprise extraordinary and intermany of the most respectable to abandon the country. protection and privileges; they are a cutlivated peomain a distinct people. Though scattered over the cal views. I know this country, its soil, climate and tion from King John, to be again pillaged, proscribed have long esteemed them as a learned and distinguish-

ment, in having carefully preserved the Oracles of From an ancestry not more illustrious, arose the he- Britain; but it is gratifying to know, that the govern- crative employments. God assigned to their safe keeping, and the time has roes and sages of Greece, and to the neglected chilarrived when their rights as a nation can be recog- dren of the forest was Rome, once mistress of the
and protection, and our people in that country in adnised, when, in the enjoyment of independence, the world, indebted for existence. From origins the most dition to wealth and influence, are rapidly advancing Holland has produced many eminent physicians, lights of learning and civilization, and the obligation humble, and from projects the most doubtful, the in the career of learning and civilization, of charity counsellors and literary men, particularly since the of industry and morality, they can culticate a friend- world has been indebted for signal benefits and bless- and liberal feelings. ly and affectionate understanding with the whole fam- ings. A few pilgrims, driven to our continent by Eu- The miseries inflicted upon our nation in England, By of mankind and have no larger enemies on earth. ropean persecution, have laid the foundations of a during the Crusade, extended their unhappy consela calling the Jews together under the protection splendid empire. We have less difficulties to encoun- quences to France. The Jews were among the earof the American Constitution and laws, and govern- ter, because we are surrounded by civilization; and liest settlers in Gaul, and by their superior talent and Sweden, Denmark, and the Hanseatic towns, and visionary. The Jews never should and never will relinquish the just hope of regulance possession of their
ancient heritage, and events in the neighborhood of
Palestine indicate an extraordinary change of affors.

The Greeks are almost independent of the OttoThe Greeks are almost and particles are The Greeks are almost independent of the Otto- and valuable. We have long been captives in a tory, and present a list of enormities that make hu- respect, if merited. Of late some strong edicts have and, may be duly impressed with a sense of justice "hang our harps upon the willow," we still cover from the constituent Assembly, the rights of citi- father, friend and citizen, the Jews may claim on ourselves with sackcloth and ashes, and do not make zens; many enlightened statesmen esponsed their equal tank with those of any other religious denom-Called tegether to the Hely Land by the slow but one effort for independence, how can we reasonably cause, and the decree of 1790 gave them a legal ex- ination. If there are some who occasionally wander

to direct the energies of a just and honorable govern- world is not without interest and instruction. The talents. the Israelites in the land of Canaan, and divided it according to tribes. After a short interregaum on his death, the government of the Judges commenced, which existed 300 years until it was merged in the kingdom which commenced with Saul and terminated after a brilliant epoch in the captivity. The government of the High Priests succeeded and continued after a brilliant epoch in the captivity. The government of the High Priests succeeded and continued the rest of our brethren, the distinction between them day have a large colony and the rest of our brethren, the distinction between them day against the former and the rest of our brethren, the distinction between them day against the factious policy of our ancestors 500 generations ago. In the carping ago, the carping ago. It has not be small and the most brilliant epoch in the destruction of the temple, may be traced to this period. In the early ages the Jews duced to a few hundred poor inoficnive persons, and the rest of the Law, they were calightened and learned in the Caliphs of Bagdad, and the Saraens death, and the rest of our brethren, the distinction between them the fees of Paganism, the enemies of Idolators; but it was under the Caliphs of Bagdad, and the Saraens death, and hoping for the same important change; we all the fees of Paganism, the enemies of Idolators; but it was under the Caliphs of Bagdad, and the Saraens death, and the period to the Saraens of Paganism, the enemies of Idolators; but it was under the Caliphs of Bagdad, and the Saraens of Spain that they cultivated the sciences, and established seminaries of learning, and schools of literature and philosophy.

The revolutions in that country commencing in the eleventh century, eventuated unfortunately for the Jews, an

ish people, I have deemed it expedient to re-organize of white and black Jews. Their numbers are com- and calamities. During the eleventh and twelvth he nation under the direction of the Judges.

The authority of the Judges extended to all relicoast, and the blacks in the interior. The blacks, honor to the age and country.—They were not only gious, military and civil concerns—they were absolute who call themselves Beni Israel, must have existed at deeply versed in cabalistical, allegorical and mystical and independent like the Kings of Israel and Judah the time of the first temple. The researches in the interpretations of the law, but distinguished mathewithout the ensigns of Sovereignty. The Judges interior of Africa may, at some future period, give us maticians, astronomers, masters of the dead and livwithout the ensigns of Sovereignty. The Judges interior of Africa may, at some future perior, give us instituting, astronomers, masters of the dead and investigated at an ing languages, and natural philosophers.—In Toledo their armies, and executing their laws. The office, Malabar and Coromandel, and in the interior of India, ing condition, and the piety and illustrious talents of the coast o which was not hereditary, conforms in some respect to a considerable number of wealthy and enterprising Is- Abraham Ben Esdra, Maimonides Kinchi, Jarchi Hathat of Chief Magistrate, and is in accordance with raelites. Measures will be adopted to ascertain their leri, Abravenel, and others, attested the brilliancy of fishment of the Helrew government, having laid the the genius and disposition of the people of this force and condition. Upwards of a million and a half, that epoch in Jewish history. The fury of the Cruof Jews reside in the dominious of the Ottoman Porte, saders was perhaps more severely felt by the Jews in od in this tree and larger republic, I avail myself of: It is difficult at this period to decide with certainty including the Barbary States. In Constantinople and Spain than in any other part of the world, and more that perturn of my beloved brethren here assembled, on the manner and forms adopted in choosing the Salonichi, there cannot be less than one hundred thou- of our people abandoned that country than were that perturn of my beloved pretinent are assembled. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of my fellow-citizens, Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand, they super much from the appropriate of the appropri to unfort the principles, explain the views and deinfluence. Their skill in war and wisdom in peace, guised severity; but their skill in trade and their genlived prosperously in Spain, but the destruction of the generation and independence to which it has pleased their valor and experience, their capacity to govern eral quickness and intelligence as bankers, brokers Moors caused their ruin, and to this day they have the Almighty to direct my attention. Truth and jus- and incidental and necessary qualifications calculated and merchants, give them entire control of commerce been banished the country. Upwards of a million of the Almignty to direct my attention. Truth and justice demand that I should candidly state the motives to excite public confidence were passports to office. and the command of important, confidential stations Jews speak the Spanish language, and will never which have induced me to aim at higher objects than Dispersed as the nation now is, and no possibility in the empire. The same character and condition cease to regret the harbarous edicts which prohibits

mild and tolerant in their measures, more liberal and the Caliphs.

since successfully extended itself to every quarter of 3d, &c. men who practised the precepts which they tion or given up hopes of human justice.

Looking forward to a period of regeneration and to the fulfilment of the prophecies, the Jews have its moral laws, its warlike character and powerful preserved within themselves the elements of govern-government, originated in a family of shepherds.—

The same legal disqualifications still exist in Great instances they were shut out from honorable and lu-

arts and in arms, than when under the dominion of

Portugal in ancient and modern times was not more liberal, tolerant, and humane towards the Jews than Spain; they banished, tortured, and burnt them, and Portugal from this proscriptive and cruel system is not

The Jews have resided in Rome since they were brought captive to that Capital, by Titus Vespasianus,

torture, tranquil in mistortune, and resigned to fate, the Jews, and shall create a generous and liberal feel-bill was introduced in Parliament for the naturalization of our nation have presided. It is supposed that bravely defended their rights and the rights of their science, learning, fame, honor and happiness, who country, and have never despaired of divine protection of and proposed with warmth by the people, and produced in Parliament for the naturalization of our nation have presided. It is supposed that there are nearly 100,000 Jews in Holland, mostly though opposed with warmth by the people, and produced great excitement in the public mind. It never the naturalization of the Jews in Holland may have been a law, but such many justice.

Notwithstanding these prohibitory decrees and unfortunate internal divisions existing among the nation, adoption of the constitution by the States in 1796, and the Jews are now held in estimation by the gov-

In the Austrian and Russian dominions, in Prussia.

rightful possessors of Palestine are slaves in their own The history of our people in Spain is of peculiar evanescent, where is the warrant for this intolerance? which should be binding; if those ties are empty and Conforming therefore to the constitution and laws of the United States, there is no difficulty in organizing and concentrating the Jewish nation. Originally on our charity and protection. There are several we were a race of shepherds; each man governed his hundred families in Jerusalem, Hebron and Tiberias,

The Instory of our people in Spain is of peculiar interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and judges the religion which they profess; that teaches distingting and the limit is after their dispersion, the seaf of learning and the middless, charity, and good will to all.—I judge religion from its effects, and when I look round and see the Seminaries of learning and institutions of charity; own family, and to the enjoyment of domestic happistire of the most ancient congregations in the world, and in his time were numerable of the Emperor Adrian, and in his time were numerable of the Emperor Adrian, and in his time were numerable out and wealthy, but like our brethren in Britain and livered from bondage and conducted to the promised nean are engaged in trade and manufactures: those them the Hostiers and property were held by a frail this better religion, Gor forbid that it should be destroyed. Let it flourish. I the great benefactor of mankind. The moral, political and dreadfully oppressed. They are great sentinels and ecclesiastical code of laws which the Almighty and guardians of the law and religion, and amidst the farmers, even at this day, the basis of every civil and the most intense sufferings, the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and Their bostility neither religion recognises. We should united by a reciprocal hospitality towards the Christians at this day for the conquest of Spain. religious institution. The victorious Joshua settled site of the temple and said, "the time will come—tians, the Jews found asylum and protection from the cruelties practised towards the Jews in the early ages, the land of Canaan, and divided it the day will be accomplished." The Samaritan Jews Saracen Monarchs, and the most brilliant epoch in than the Jews should now be made answerable for the

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FOR THE OBSERVER. On accidentally discovering an Unknown Grave

Who is it sleeps so lonely here, Beneath this grassy sod? Who's buried all life's joys and wees Beneath the heavy clod? Who is it moulders thus to clay, Nor leaves a name behind-To satisfy the asking eye And the inquiring mind?

Alas! no friend stands by the grave To tell of one belov'd No faithful bosom trembles here, By virtuous sorrow mov'd:--Lifel gay companions all have fled To join the countless throng,—
Who need indulge such pensive thoughts,
As to the dead belong.

But, when this body here was laid, Was not the deep-drawn sigh In agony breath?d o?erffhe spot By love-that cannot die? Did not some relative bedew With tears this hallow'd ground? Did not some friendly hand assist To raise this little mound?

T was doubtless so : but all are gone Who o'er these ashes wept-And now neglected and unknown In peace for years they've slopt ! " Unheeded are they now by both. The humble and the proud; For dark Oblivion's o'er them wrapt A cold and dreary shroud.

Must all that's earthly pass away, And be forgotten so? Must oler the lovely and the great Lethean waters flow? Must all the soft endearing ties, Which now enchain the heart, Be sever'd in an instant thus

By Death's unfeeling dart? OTTHONA.

THE DEATH OF MY SISTER. With mournful steps we bore her, Unto her parrow bed-Foud hearth were beating o'er her-And bitter tears were shed.

She fell in youth's gay morning, . In all life's sunny prime ; Ere palsied age gave warning. Or mark'd th' appointed time. Yet calm her soul in dying

As sunset's holy ray-Upon her Gop relying, Her spirit fied away!

The rose untimely blusted, The violet nipt in bloom-Their blushing beauties wasted Are emblems of her doom.

Though lonely is her dwelling, Though dark the chamber there, "Yet eyes with topri are swelling,

The grief that rends my bosom, None e'er but brothers knew; Oh, tair and faded blossom! A long a last adieu.

> FROM THE BOSTON ATT ENEUM. WALLACE'S DREAM.

The last beam of day from the West had departed, And night's darkest canopy hung o'er the plain; While through the deep gloom the wild meteor darted And shed its red glare o'er the field of the slain. The camp-fires at intervals faintly were gleaming; The storm's gloomy spirit moun'd loud from his cave The Carron's dark waters at distance were streaming And sigh'd as they mix'd with the blood of the brave

By a moss-cover'd rock lay his country's defender Asleep with his manly form wrapped in his plaid, He dream'd of a land that had none to befriend her, If low in the dust her brave Wallace was laid! He dream'd of companions in peril and danger, Now stretched on the wild heath and stiff ning in gore Who fought by his side in the land of the stranger, And died to defend him by Carron's lone shore!

He dream'd that he saw deeply pictur'd before him, His own cruel fate in the land of the slave : But he dranm'd that the banner of glory war'd o'er

That the tears of his country would hallow his grave. lie started, -awoke, --drew his falchion-Twas

He rais'd high to heav'n his arm and his eye, And swore to pursue the path onward to glory ; For dear Caledonia, to conquer, or die.

VARIETY.

From the Hallowell Advocate. JOURNAL OF A DAY.

DANTMOUTH COLLEGE, MARCH 1825 .- 12 o'clock at night: Turned in boozy, without having naked. looked at my lesson. Dreamed I had graduated: commenced and finished my law-studies; got admitted to the Bar; was agoing to make versed with him. "What news, my friend?" to branch with the agility of a monkey. He my "debut" in Court on the ensuing day. Agi- said the squire. " None that I know of," re- has been brought to Prague. tation increasing, as the eventful hour ap- plied the farmer, " except that a sow of mine propinquated. Woke up in agony at the first has had a litter of thirteen pigs, and she has only stroke of the court bell.—7 o'clock: Found it twelve texts." "What will the thirteenth do?" was our infernal old "Tintinnabulum" in the Chapel bellfry rifiging for Prayers.. Agony redoubled. Nestled under the bed-clothes to sleep tilt it tolled.—7 1-4: Bell tolling. Sprang out of had into my postelectors in the court bell.—7 o'clock: Found it will stand and look on while the others cat."

Livelve tests." "What will the thirteenth do?" asked the Lord.—"Do as I do," returned Hodge, "it will stand and look on while the others cat."

CENTRALLY situated in Turner Village, about one half acre of LAND, lying between the main road running through said Village and Twenty Mile River—Together with an elegated two-story DWELLING House, which had into my posteless in the court in the standard that the standard the standard sleep tilt it tolled.—7 1-4: Bell tolling. Sprang out of bed, into my pantaloons in "one motion." A certain Deacon belonging to a church in HOUSE, WOOD HOUSE and one half of a LARGE out of bed, into my pantaloons in "one motion." this State, having had the misfortune to lose his STABLE situated thereon, and a good Well of this State, having had the misfortune to lose his STABLE situated thereon, and a good Well of this State, having had the misfortune to lose his state. Thrust my night arm through the back of my wife, attempted immediately after his spouse's waist-coat. Socks wrong-side-out, and neck-exit, to "strike up a match" with his maid, whose cloth died under my left ear. Would that it name was Patience. The priest of the village chine, Oil-mill, Fulling-mill, &c. It also affords a good stand for a Trader or an Innholder. Purchasers would be a stand for a Trader or an Innholder. Purchasers would be a stand for a Trader or an Innholder. discharge its stagnant contents out of the win- ed husband, told him he must have patience to do well to call and see for themselves; and as the dow. Students passing beneath to the Chapel. support him in his troubles-" Ab, (said the subscriber is about closing his business to remove Cried " heads below !" just in time to make 'em Deacon,) I have been trying her, but she seems raise their eyes and receive the dose in their to be rather off." faces. Drawing in my arm suddenly, to avoid detection, the wash-bowl slipped, alighted on the pericranium of inter S-and fell to cut parson went to catechise a family in his pieces. Succeeded in getting on one boot, the parish, who were not so well versed in the ruother being refractory, substituted my slipper. diments of divinity as some are. When he arfooked at my hair and asked me, where I had eldest daughter, a girl about eighteen, and private in the loss the ledest daughter, a girl about eighteen, and buxom as May, whose charms had smitten the Machine Cards, from the Manufactory of Horace

"If a body, meet a body in a bag of beans,
"Can a body tell a body, what a body means?" my room. Found there the sweeper and bed- about again."
maker. Remarked that few people knew how Where is the my room. Found there the sweeper and bed. Where is the hoe? said a gentleman to his maker. Remarked that few people knew how to "kick up a dust" better.—9 o'clock: Study hours. Sat down to copy music. Got so enhours. Sat down to copy music. Got s 12: Infernally carnivorous. Mem. To pro-mornin?" pose the introduction of Luncheons into all public seminaries. Went to the Post-Office in hopes of receiving a supply of the "needful." No detters;—1 o'clock: Dinner. Our Tintinand Pancakes.—1 1-2: Returned to my room, we know not; he says it was a St. Johns Indian, We Symptoms of the "Blues." Prepared for the publish it rerbation et literation.—Ban. Register.] attack by reclining my head on my hands and ny hands on the table.—4 1-2: Roused by the burnt up—Me seeum Mattinawcook Island all Pam an officer of the Government. "Psha! just like snake-all indians speak so Bartlet, you need not think to bamboozle me in that style! fire! fire! fire! I was now obliged to recognize the old scape-gallows, who laid an embargo on my lungs, and told me to make myself scarce. Skulked off to my room and rolled a back-log down stairs, out of Greece. We have learned from another quaro'clock .: Turn'd in boozy as usual.

[We all recollect the Story of the Lacedemonian matron, whose joy at her countrymen's obtaining a loss of her children slain in battle. The following driote fleet, where he served two years, being Anecdote, extracted from Thatcher's Military Journal, employed however, occasionally on shore. He displays equal patriotism in conjunction with true paternal affection, and consequently places the Amer-ican father above the Spartan mother:]—

ALUMNUS.

"A venerable old man had five sons in the field of battle near Bennington, and being told He acted as Adjutant-General of his Lordship that he had been unfortunate in one of his sons, replied, "What, has he misbehaved!"did he desert his post, or shrink from the charge?" of the brigade under Prince Mayrocordatos, any they have, why the prayer of said petition should be in many they have, why the prayer of said petition should be in many they have, why the prayer of said petition should be in many they have, why the prayer of said petition should be in many they have, why the prayer of said petition should be in many they have. Benja, CHANDLER, Judge, plied the good old man—" bring him in, that I may behold the darling of my soul." On which the corpse was brought in and laid before him. He then called for a bowl of water and a napkin, and, with his own hands washed the gore and dirt from his son's corpse, and wiped himself expressed it,) which before he had never felt or experienced."

[The Story is simple and touching.]

itors, to let him know that he had a proposal seem we have the rank of Admirables, in our pear at a Probate Court to be held at the Probate Ofto make, which he believed would be for their Navy." here and put you to the expense of seven commanding the officers and men. Lieut. Hunyou has given me much uneasiness, and it is setting it up as a defence, virtually acknowledgshall go towards the payment of the debt."

Chancery Suit .- Two suitors in Chancery being reconciled to each other after a very tedious and expensive suit, applied to an artist to paint

quilized by a cold Chapel and a fervent prayer. young village swains with an epidemic. "Well, Smith, Leicester, which will be warranted to give Attended recitation in Natural Philosophy. Lois," said the parson, "I shall begin on you: Of Orders for any quantity executed at short no-

definition of "Body." Answered in the old a charming flush on her cheek, replied, "why, nobody as I know on." The parson, rather surprised at her answer, repeated the question with increased zeal. Lois rather irritated at At a Court of Probate held at Turner, within and Instructor advised me to review the Lesson. the inquisitive parson, again replied, to why, no-Told him I could'ne "for the body o' me." | body, sir; there was Tom Dawson lay sick for 0 1-2 o'clock: Recitation finished, retired to me about six mentles, but folks say he has got

gaged that I did'nt hear the Bell for recitation. both? "Wy, hoph together; good L-d, do —11 1-2 o'clock: Discovered my mistake.— you want create a fuss wid poor nigger dis probate s

DEFERRED ARTICLES.

nabulum sounds remarkably distinct at this time o' day. Can't account for it. Eat like a horse-imackerel, lining the interior with Beef-stenk deep of the Statels Acoust SWIssams and allowed as the last Will and Can't account for it. In the same of the statels acoust to insignate from the burning of the hay by or-lowed, as the last Will and Can't account for it. The subscriber to the following communication is mackerel, lining the interior with Beef-steuk | der of the State's Agent. Who was his amanuensis

recitation bell. Attended recitation in Meta-burnt up-all bare just like my barm no Blanphysics. Was asked whether "the soul always kel-what meanum states agent send Captin thinks or not?" Replied that judging by the Chase to burnum hay when every thing so dry afternoon's experience, should conclude it did —Indian two township all burn up before rane not .- 7 o'clock: Was smuggling a quart of San- come-Indian lossum all timber and hay-sarta Cruz into College, in an Oil Pot, when I cast | tin me now walk general court next winter then my eyes towards an entry-window and found me speakum Governer Parris-me hearum he the external obscurity relieved by the glare of a bon-fire. Relinquished my canteen and pushed ahead. Espied Professor P—— issuing from his door. Lurked in the back ground till he had passed me, then dogged him at a dishe had passed me, then dogged him at a dis-tance. Saw him retire into the shade; ran up timber and hay noboddy burnum hay—now day of October next, at ten of the clock in the foreand slapped him sociably on the back, with a state gittum all indian land but two township noon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the said "good sport this, that Bartlet? equal to our then he settum fire to drive all indian off-now Instrument should not be proved, approved, and al. powder-plot." Disperse to your room! rascal! me havum no more timber-by by me be naked lowed, as the last Will and Testament of said deceas-JOHN NEPTUNE.

sheer spite. Seized my candle and ran out into Greece. We have learned from another quarthe entry, to see what the matter was! 19 ter, something of the services of Mr. Jarvis in Greece. He is son to Mr. Benjamin Jarvis, a native of New-York, formerly resident in Boston, and now resident at Altona. He sailed from Marseilles for Hydra in March, 1822, and in employed however, occasionally on shore. He was afterwards employed in Western Greece, where he became acquainted with Lord Byron. to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons inter-he was near him at his death, and appears to ested in said estate, by causing a copy of this Order have enjoyed some good portion of his regard. to be published in the Oxford Observer, printed in Pa-Brigade, and after his death, and the departure | they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at the desert his post, or shrink from the charge? he is among the slain—he fell contending might-intendance of the fortifications of Missolonghi A true Copy, Attest, Thomas Wensten, Register. and Anatolico. In February, he was at Napoli di Romania, whither he had accompanied Prince At a Court of Probate held at Dixfield, within Mavrocordatos, as mentioned in Mr. Miller's let-

Daily Adv. " PETTICOAT GOVERNMENT." It comes out, on the trial of Lieut. Hunter of the Navy, that is gaping wounds, with a complacency, (as he one act, on which was grounded one of the specifications of mal-conduct with which he was charged, was done in pursuance of the " orders of Mrs. Stewart!" The Salem Gazette of the 26th ult., in noticing this, says that, " although A prisoner in the fleet-prison sent to his cred- Congress refused to create Admirals, it would

mutual benefit. "I have been thinking," said It is worth while to inquire how far the auhe, "that it is a very idle thing for me to lie thority of a Lady, on board of ship goes, in groats a week. My being so chargeable to ter, by obeying her Ladyship's command, and impossible to say what it may cost you in the es her as his superior officer! We should like end. Therefore what I would propose is this, marvellously to see this Amazonian smasher stridyou shall let me out of prison, and instead of ing the quarter deck of a "first rater," and seven groats, you shall only allow me eigh- giving orders to the hands aloft, to rigg certain teen pence a week, and the other ten pence unmentionable "splices," or "blocks ," or, if it was our watch on deck, we would choose to see specifully represent that he is seized as an heir with her go aloft herself, in a decent bit of a gale. Albany Microscope.

A wild man has lately been found in the a device in commemoration of their returning woods of Bohemia, where he must have been amity and peace: the artist accordingly paint- from his infancy. He cannot articulate a word, ed one of them in his shirt, and the other stark but bellows and howls much like a dog. He the same. The Lord of the village being at dinner, allyet been found of any avail. He runs on all lowed one of his tenants to stand, while he confours, and climbs a tree, and springs from branch was taken, but no efforts to civilize him have

FOR SALE,

WATER. Said Stand is a rare chance for any Mefrom town, they may depend upon very fair terms and pay made easy. Those who calculate to purchase, are wished to call before the first of October. Some years since, a soher, zealous Connecti- as the property if not sold before that time, will be disposed of in a different manner.

ISAAC BONNEY, 2d. Turner Village, August 8, 1825.

MACHINE CARDS.

PROBATE NOTICES

for the County of Oxford, on the sixteenth day of September, in the year of our Lond cightees hundred and twenty-five-

THOMAS MERRILL, of Tumer, Esquire, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to

ORDERED-That the said THOMAS MERRILL give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively lie the Oxford Observer, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in Paris, in said County, on the second Tues. noon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Instrument should not be proved, approved, and allowed, as the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

BENJAMIN CHANDLER, Judge. Copy, Attest, Thomas Wensten, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Livermore, within and for the County of Oxford, on the fifteently day of September, in the year of our Lond eighteen hundred and twenty-five-

in a certain Instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of MATHANIEL THOMAS. late of Hartford, in said County, Gentleman, deceas. ed, having presented the same for probate:

BENJAMIN CHANDLER, Judge. Copy, Attest, Thomas WEBSTER, Register.

At a Court of Probate holden at Rumford, within

and for the County of Oxford, on the thirteenth day of September, in the year of our Lond eighteen hundred and twenty-five-

ON the petition of JASON SHERMAN, Administrator of the estate of JOSIAH BACHEL. DER, late of Fryeburg, in said County, Esquire, de-ceased, representing that the personal estate of said deceased is not sufficient to pay the just debts, which he owed at the time of his death by the sum of one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven delvictory was so great that she could not lament the April entered as a volunteer on board the Hy-lars and twenty-three cents, and praying for a license loss of her children slain in battle. The following driote fleet, where he served two years, being to sell and convey so much of the real estate of said deceased as may be necessary for the payment of said debts and incidental charges:

ORDERED. That the petitioner give notice thereof to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons inter-Probate Office in Paris, on the second Tuesday of Oc-

and for the County of Oxford, on the fourteently day of September, in the year of our Lorn eighteen hundred and twenty-five-

HENRY WHITE, Administrator on the estate of JOSEPH K. WHITE, late of Dixfield, Esq. deceased, having presented his third account of administration of the estate of said deceased:

ORDERED-That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Observer, printed at Paris, that they may apfice in Paris, in said County, on the second Tuesday of October pext, at ten of the clock in the foreneou, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.
BENJAMIN CHANDLER, Judge.

A true Copy, Attest, Thomas Weesten, Register.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the Comty of Oxford. BRAHAM HOWLAND and LYDIA HOWLAND,

A his wife, (and heirs of Jacon Kinnen, late of Dixfield, deceased,) of Mexico, in said County, reothers, to them unknown, in the real estate whereei JACOB KIDDER, late of Dirfield, in said County, Yeoman, died seized and possessed; that his pertion of the same is in Common, which he is desirous of holding and possessing in severalty. He therefore prays, that your Honor would grant a warrant to suitable persons, authorizing them to make a division of said estate, and set off to each heir his proportion in

Dated this fourteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twenty-five. ABRAHAM HOWLAND, LYDIA HOWLAND.

At a Court of Probate held at Dirfield, within and for the County of Oxford, on the faurteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twen-

Upon the foregoing petition, Onnenen-That the petitioner give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of said petition with this order thereou to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Observer, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in Paris, on the second Tuesday of October next, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.
BENJAMIN CHANDLER, Judge-

A true Copy of the Petition and Order thereon. Attest, Thomas Winsten, Register.

CHY OBSERVE

IS PUBLISHED BYERY THERSDAY MORNING DY

ASA BARTON,

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0.7-All letters, addressed to the publisher, C.7-mu"

VOLUME II.

Mr. The followi M. M. NOAH, " at Buffulo, on t the City of AI of the Jewish

Brothers, Country,

Having made l lishment of the H thundation of a cit ed in this tree an that portion of my together with th to unfold the pri tail the objects co generation and in the Almighty to d tice demand that which have induc mere colonization. what inducements dependence, and oarry the design in of mankind—the the changes incide ernment-the prog all those vicissitud new laws and ner ait in my declarat I shall not deceive Two thousand y

dissolution of the bas presented itse sent for its re-organ ilized powers, the been rapid and su day better qualifier ation and liberal vi pacitated to enco any former time. ed and subdivided er aspect and feeli. ty have superseded er ages. The nati cluding the childre acknowledged, and The oldest of natio in resources, rema The Jews have b

main a distinct per face of the globe ousness of characte ets, the identity of t adversity they have ple-proud of their m even prond of the tribunals of po torture, tranquil in they patiently endu bravely defended th country, and have n tion or given up hor Looking forward to the fulfilment of preserved within th

arrived when their uised, when, in the lights of learning an of industry and mor ly and affectionate u ily of mankind and l In calling the Jew of the American Co ed by our happy and for me to state that visionary. The Jew linquish the just hop ancient heritage, an Palestine indicate an

ment, in having ca

Gon assigned to the

The Greeks are a man Porte. The T daily. Russia will r Egyptians are cultiv couraging commerc driven beyond the I Canaan free for the and the wealth and it desirable for them sion by and with the who more enlightene ant, may be duly in due to an injured an Called together to

unarring finger of I every quarter of the the language, habits Assimilating only in on temporal affairs, t difficulties in organizi and the diversity of fuctions as dangerous tal ones which existe coud Temples. It is ment of the Jews m the influence of per Laws-cultivate the ples as to men and n to direct the energic ment in the land of Conforming therei of the United States,

ing and concentratin we were a race of sh own family, and to the ness they added the vael accumulating in livered from bondage land, by the illustri the great benefactor oal and ecclesiastical through Moses prese forms, even at this de religious institution. the Israelites In the according to tribes. death, the government which existed 300 ye kingdom which comm after a brilliant epoch ment of the High Pr

428 years, followed 1 dah, and the nation Herod the Idumean. In selecting from regal and sacerdotal of to the timer, and t

VOLUME II.7

PARIS, (ME.) THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1825.

NUMBER 67.

Mr. Noah's Oration.

The following is the Oration delivered by M. M. NOAH, "Governor and Judge of Israel,"

what inducements have led to this declaration of In- just power to grant-no right to withhold-the office carry the design into successful execution. The peace exercised by general consent and approbation. He merous cities beyond the Euphrates. of mankind—the security of persons and property— who assumes this power, who takes the lead in the the changes incidental to the revival of the Jewish gov- great work of regeneration and judges righteously,

dissolution of the Jewish government, and no period principles of our holy faith, and having devoted years traditions relative to their early existence in that has presented itself more auspiciously than the pre- of labor and study to ameliorate the condition of the country.—William the Conquerer brought with him a sent for its re-organization. Peace exists among civ- Jews, with an unsullied conscience and a firm reliance large colony from Normandy, and for a stipulated ilized powers, the march of learning and science has on Almighty Goo, I offer myself as an humble instru- sum of money conferred upon them certain commerbeen rapid and successful, and mankind are at this ment of his divine will and solicit the confidence and cial privileges, and assigned them places to inhabit, day better qualified to estimate the blessings of toler- protection of our beloved brethren throughout the It was in the feudal ages that the Jews of Britain ation and liberal views, and botter disposed and ca- world. If there be any person possessing greater fa- were the most enlightened, tolerant and polished. pacitated to encourage and enforce them, than at cilities and a more ardent zeal in attempting to re- Opulent in circumstances, and enterprising in the deany former time. Religion generally, though divid-store the Jews to their rights as a sovereign and inde-velopement of resources, they gave an early impetus ander 2d, Gregory the 9th, Clement the 5th, Clement and subdivided into various sects, assumes a mild-pendent people, to such will I cheerfully surrender and direction to that trade and commerce, which has ty have superseded the darkness and bigotry of form- I cannot be insensible to the many difficulties which the globe. During the reign of William Rufus and preached. In modern times the Jews have been transported to the many difficulties which the globe. During the reign of William Rufus and preached. In modern times the Jews have been transported to the darkness and bigotry of form-

main a distinct people. Though scattered over the cal views. I know this country, its soil, climate and face of the globe they still retain their homogeneus of character—the peculiarity of their tensus soil consideration of their faith. In their prosperity and adversity they have uniformly been the chosen people—proud of their Goo, proud of their distinction, and even proud of their sufferings. Bending before the tribunals of power, yielding to persecution and academies, over which some of the greatest men

Looking forward to a period of regeneration and

of the American Constitution and laws, and govern- ter, because we are surrounded by civilization; and liest settlers in Gaul, and by their superior talent and ed by our happy and saluary institutions, it is proper a few Jews in this happy land admonished by advantages, endeavored to encourage and extend for me to state that this asylum is temporary and pro- the past, and animated by anticipations of the fu- civilization among a rude and barbarous people. Their

The Greeks are almost independent of the Otto- and valuable. We have long been captives in a man Porte. The Turkish sceptre becomes weaker land of strangers: we have long submitted patiently daily. Russia will march upon Constantinople. The Egyptians are cultivating the useful arts, and are encouraging commerce and agriculture. The Turks, rible periods of calamity, we have done nothing for driven beyond the Bosphorus, may leave the land of corrected. The Almighty, who has covered us with Canaan free for the occupancy of its rightful owners, the shield of his paternal love, has given us moral and the wealth and enterprize of the least may make agents, by which, with his divine aid, we are to affect and the wealth and enterprize of the Jews may make agents, by which, with his divine aid, we are to affect of the barbarians, and such feelings were encouraged it desirable for them to reclaim their former posses- our own deliverance. We have senses, judgment, and perpetuated by an edict of the government comsion by and with the consent of the Christian powers, powers of self government, energy, capacity, and pelling them to wear a distinctive dress.

who more enlightened, and consequently more toler- wealth. If, with all these great requisites we still

During the French Revolution, the Jews claimed

unspring finger of Providence, the Jews coming from continue to supplicate Gon for our restoration, who istence. Among the philanthropists of the age who from the paths of rectitude, let it be remembered every quarter of the Globe would bring with them made man in his own image, and proclaimed him free? raised his voice successfully in their behalf, was my that they are men, and subject to human frailties. the language, habits and prejudices of each country. Why should the parent of nations, the oldest of peo- venerable and pious friend, the Bishop Gregoire, to If in the narrow and crooked channels of traffic, in Assimilating only in religious doctrines, and divided ple, the founders of religion, wander among the govor and temporal affairs, they would present innumerable emments of the earth, intreating succour and protection in the condition of our brethren tion, when we are capable of protecting ourselves?

The civil revolution in the condition of our brethren tion, when we are capable of protecting ourselves?

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The civil revolution in the condition of our brethren tion, when we are capable of protecting ourselves? factions as dangerous and difficult to allay as those fa- calculated to benefit our own condition, and excite at Paris, by the decree of 1806, and which presented been magnified.—Shut out from more noble pursuits, tal ones which existed in the time of the first and se- the admiration of the world, and we must commence to the world a galaxy of talent and learning which they have been left without that incentive to good could Temples. It is in this country that the govern- the work in a country free from ignoble prejudices would do honor to any age or country. The Jaws in actions, that encouragement to upright conduct, that ment of the Jews must be organized. Here, under and legal disqualifications—a country, in which liber- France are citizens, and the charter granted by the the influence of perfect freedom, they may study ty can be insured to the Jews without the loss of one good king, Louis the 18th, confirmed all their rights, others. Laws-cultivate their minds, acquire liberal princi- drop of blood. ples as to men and measures, and quality themselves

we were a race of shepherds; each man governed his bundred families in Jerusalem, Hebron and Tiberias, own family, and to the enjoyment of domestic happiness three of the most ancient congregations in the world, ness they added the blessings of a pure religion. Is and the number in the Holy Land may be computed at 100,000. Those on the borders of the Mediterrality will be destroyed. It is the interior and manufactures: those land he the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and manufactures: those land he the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and manufactures: those land he the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and manufactures: those land he the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and manufactures: those land he the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and manufactures: those land and manufactures: those land he the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and manufactures is the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, and in his time were numerous and when I look round and see the Jews first appeared in Spain, during the reign of the Seminaries of learning and institutions of charity:

The Jews first appeared in Spain, during the reign of the Seminaries of learning and institutions of charity:

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The Jews first appeared in Spain, during the reign of the Mediterrality in Jerusalem, Hebreal and Jerusalem, livered from bendage and conducted to the promised land, by the illustrious legislator of the Jews and in the interior, and particularly in Jerusalem, are poor the great benefactor of mankind. The moral, political and dreadfully oppressed. They are great sentinels and ecclesiastical code of laws which the Almighty and guardians of the law and religion, and amidst the fallows presented to the children of Israel, severest privations and the most intense sufferings, the Christians at this day for the forms, even at this day, the basis of every civil and the land of Canaan, and divided it according to tribes. After a short interregnum on his death, the government of the Judges commenced, which existed 300 years until it was merged in the kingdom which commenced with Saul and terminated after a brilliant enoch in the captivity. The government of the captivity. The government of the captivity. The government of the same frailties, destined to the same material and said, the time will come—the land of Canaan, and divided it which formerly were numerous and scattered over death, the government of the Judges commenced, which commenced with Saul and terminated after a brilliant enoch in the captivity. The government of the same frailties, destined to the same material difference between their doctrines and the most intense sufferings, the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the Caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the chirist day for the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the chirist day for the conquest of Spain. Favored by the caliphs and the chirist day for the conquest of Spain. Favored by a reciprocal hospitality towards the Christians at this day for the conquest of Spain. Favored by a reciprocal hospitality towards the Christians at this day for the conquest of Spain. Favored by a reciprocal hospitality towards the Christians, the conquest

test I wish to be judged.

new laws and new society, admonish me to be explisit in my declarations and candid in my statements principles, familiar with all the duties of government, having enjoyed the confidence of my fellow-citizens with Julius Cæsar; the inroads of the Saxons and Two thousand years have nearly elapsed since the in various public trusts-ardently attached to the Danes have obliterated much of the chronicles and

er ages. The nations of the old and new world, in- may present themselves in the successful progress of Henry II. the Jews were favored and protected, quil residents of that ancient City, yet at this day, cluding the children of Africa, have had their rights the great work of regeneration. The attempt may though always considered vassals of the crown, to be acknowledged, and their governments re-organized. be pronounced visionary and impracticable—the re-tolerated or pillaged according to the caprices of gov-The oldest of nations, powerful in numbers and great | luctance of some to countenance the effort—the timi- ernment. The cruelties practised towards them dur- to attend mass under penalty of a certain sum of moin resources, remains isolated, without a home, a dity of others, and the apprehensions of all may be ing the misguided periods of the crusade, caused ney. In most of the cities in Italy, the Jews enjoy Ountry, or a government.

The Jews have been destined by Providence to remain a distinct people. Though scattered over the cal views. I know this country, its soil, climate and the most respectable to abandon the country ple, far advanced in science and polite literature, and I have long esteemed them as a learned and distinguishmany of the most respectable to abandon the country. Protection and privileges; they are a cutlivated promain a distinct people. Though scattered over the cal views. I know this country, its soil, climate and tion from King John, to be again pillaged, proscribed have long esteemed them as a learned and distinguishmany of the most respectable to abandon the country. Protection and privileges; they are a cutlivated promain a distinct people. Though scattered over the cal views. I know this country, its soil, climate and tion from King John, to be again pillaged, proscribed have long esteemed them as a learned and distinguished branch of the nation.

to the fulfilment of the prophecies, the Jews have its moral laws, its warlike character and powerful considered prudent to repeal it at the ensuing session. er free by law, nor by public opinion, and in many preserved within themselves the elements of govern- government, originated in a family of shepherds.— The same legal disqualifications still exist in Great instances they were shut out from honorable and lument, in having carefully preserved the Oracles of From an ancestry not more illustrious, arose the he- Britain; but it is gratifying to know, that the govern- crative employments. Gon assigned to their safe keeping, and the time has roes and sages of Greece, and to the neglected chil- ment affords to the Jews certain rights, immunities arrived when their rights as a nation can be recog- dren of the forest was Rome, once mistress of the and protection, and our people in that country in admised, when, in the enjoyment of independence, the world, indebted for existence. From origins the most dition to wealth and influence, are rapidly advancing lights of learning and civilization, and the obligation humble, and from projects the most doubtful, the in the career of learning and civilization, of scharity of industry and morality, they can cultivate a friend- world has been indebted for signal benefits and bless- and liberal feelings. ly and affectionate understanding with the whole famings. A few pilgrims, driven to our continent by Eu- The miseries inflicted upon our nation in England, ily of mankind and have no longer enemies on earth. ropean persecution, have laid the foundations of a during the Crusade, extended their unhappy conse-In calling the Jews together under the protection splendid empire. We have less difficulties to encoun- quences to France. The Jews were among the ear-

As there a brilliant epoch in the captivity. The government of the High Priests succeeded and continued the rest of our brothren, the distinction between them of Spain that they cultivated the sciences, and the nation became finally dispersed under the Line of the Idumean.

In salastica from the s

ish people, I have deemed it expedient to re-organize of white and black Jews. Their numbers are com- and calamities. During the eleventh and twelvth

siding in Egypt and in Persia; they have many weal- the glober dependence, and what measures are contemplated to must be assumed by divine permission, and the power thy men in Alexandria, Cairo, Ispahan, and the nu-

From countries yet uncivilized, we turn to those, which, still withholding the rights of man from the of sustaining independence and national rights, in ernment—the progress and effect of emigration, and will always be sustained by public opinion. By this descendants of the Patriarchs, are nevertheless more mild and tolerant in their measures, more liberal and

The time has emphatically arrived to do something ed from the proceedings of the Sanhedrim, convened have never been accredited, while their faults have lrop of blood.
The present condition of our people throughout the and bankers, and many of them possess distinguished

In selecting from the primitive, the judicial, the reject the Talmud and Rabbinical doctrines, adheredeventh century, eventuated unfortunately for the this country promises, the pursuits of agriculture are and to the times, and also to the condition of the Jews the borders of Cochin China, we have a large colony Saracens was the commencement of their troubles noble.

puted at 10,000. The white Jews reside on the sea centuries many learned Rabbis appeared, which did The authority of the Judges extended to all reli- coast, and the blacks in the interior. The blacks, honor to the age and country.—They were not only gious, military and civil concerns—they were absolute who call themselves Beni Israel, must have existed at deeply versed in cabalistical, allegorical and mystical and independent like the Kings of Israel and Judah the time of the first temple. The researches in the interpretations of the law, but distinguished matheat Bussilo, on the occasion of the foundation of the City of ARARAT and the re-organization of the Jewish government:

and independent like the Kings of Israel and Judah the time of the first temple. The researches in the interpretations of the law, but distinguished mathematically from the people, mingling in their immense colonies of Jews, which emigrated at an ing languages, and natural philosophers.—In Toledo their armies, and executing their Laws. The office, Malabar and Coromandel, and in the interior of India, ing condition, and the piety and illustrious talents of the law, but distinguished mathematically from the people, mingling in their immense colonies of Jews, which emigrated at an ing languages, and natural philosophers.—In Toledo and Andalusia they had colleges in the most flourishments of the law, but distinguished mathematically from the people, mingling in their immense colonies of Jews, which emigrated at an ing languages, and natural philosophers.—In Toledo and Andalusia they had colleges in the most flourishments of the law, but distinguished mathematically from the people, mingling in their immense colonies of Jews, which emigrated at an ing languages, and natural philosophers.—In Toledo and Andalusia they had colleges in the most flourishments of the law, but distinguished mathematically from the people, mathematically from the law, but distinguished mathematically from the law, but distinguished mathematically from the law, but distinguished mathematically from the law interior of Africa may, at some future period, give us maticians, astronomers, masters of the dead and live deliberations, directing their law, but distinguished mathematically from the law, but distinguished mathematically from the law, but distinguished mathematically from the law interior of Africa may, at some future period, give us maticians, astronomers, masters of the dead and live deliberations, distinguished mathematically from the law interior of Africa may, at some future period, give us maticians, astronomers, which was not hereditary, conforms in some respect to a considerable number of wealthy and enterprising Is-+ Abraham Ben Esdra, Maimonides Kimchi, Jarchi Ha-Having made known by proclamation the re-establishment of the Hebrew government, having laid the
lishment of the Hebrew government, having laid the laid the
lishment of the Hebrew government, having laid the fishment of the Hebrew government, having Inid the the genius and disposition of a city of refuge, an asylum for the oppression of the dominions of the Ottoman Porte, and happy republic, I avail myself of the manner and forms adopted in choosing the that pertian of my beloved brethren here assembled, on the manner and forms adopted in choosing the Salonichi, there cannot be less than one hundred thought of our people abandoned that country than were together with this concourse of my fellow-citizens, and the salonichi, there are available and treated with and is an and treated with and is an area. that pertion of my beloved brethren here assumpted. Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand. They super much from the oppression of the properties of my fellow-citizens. Judges of Israel. Most of the distinguished men who sand. They super much from the oppression of the properties and the views and de- had filled that station were "raised up" by divine Turks are severely taxed, and treated with undisting the enlightened and liberal Moorish Kings, the lews to unfold the principles, explain the views and de- had filled that station were "raised up" by divine Turks are severely taxed, and treated with undistine enlightened and liberal Moorish Kings, the 'ews fail the objects contemplated in the great work of re- influence. Their skill in war and wisdom in peace, guised severity; but their skill in trade and their gen- lived prosperously in Spain, but the destruction of the generation and independence to which it has pleased and incidental and processary qualifications colonists. the Almighty to direct my attention. Truth and jus- and incidental and necessary qualifications calculated and merchants, give them entire control of commerce; been banished the country. Upwards of a million of and the command of important, confidential stations Jews speak the Spanish language, and will never which have induced me to aim at higher objects than mere colonization. The world has a right to know of concentrating the general voice, there can be no may be likewise attributed to those numerous Jews retheir residence in that beautiful but neglected part of may be likewise attributed to those numerous Jews re- their residence in that beautiful but neglected part of

Spain is a miraculous and providential instance of the impolicy and impiety of religious persecutions. She is weaker in resources, in character, in the means arts and in arms, than when under the dominion of the Caliplis.

Portugal in ancient and modern times was not more liberal, tolerant, and humane towards the Jews than Spain; they banished, tortured, and burnt them, and Portugal from this proscriptive and cruel system is not more happily conditioned than her neighbor.

The Jews have resided in Rome since they were brought captive to that Capital, by Titus Vespasianus, yet, while subjected to the persecution of the Christian monarche throughout Europe, it is pleasing to recollect and grateful to acknowledge the kindness and protection afforded them by several of the Rosince successfully extended itself to every quarter of 3d, &c. men who practised the precepts which they

the tribunals of power, yielding to persecution and attempt shall result in ameliorating the condition of without respect. During the reign of George II. a they patiently endured, not meanly surrendered, they ing towards them and open to them the avenues of bill was introduced in Parliament for the naturalization of our nation have presided. It is supposed that there are nearly 100,000 Jews in Holland, mostly country, and have never despaired of divine protection or given up hones of human justice. ertheless became a law; but such was the strenuous on the continent, the Jews in Holland may have been The Hebrew nation, with its sublime Theocracy, opposition manifested on the occasion, that it was considered happy and protected, ret they were neith-

Notwithstanding these prohibitory decrees and unfortunate internal divisions existing among the nation, Holland has produced many eminent physicians, counsellors and literary men, particularly since the adoption of the constitution by the States in 1796, and the Jews are now held in estimation by the government.

In the Austrian and Russian dominions, in Prussia, Sweden, Denmark, and the Hanseatic towns, and throughout Germany, there must be nearly two milvisionary. The Jews never should and never will reture, may increase rapidly and prosperously, and sufferings, banishments and massacres during the linquish the just hope of regaining possession of their under good government and wholesome laws, may reigns of Philip Augustus, Lewis the Ninth, Philip all those countries their condition has been ameliorated, and events in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall, Charles the Sixth, and sevents in the neighborhood of fall back in time towards the Pacific Ocean and posterior the Tall Palestine indicate an extraordinary change of affairs. sess a country the most fertile as it is capacious eral successive kings, fill the sanguinary pages of history, and present a list of enormities that make hu-

valuable rights.

Our religion embraces all that is pure and upright, all that is just and generous. In temperance, in inant, may be duly impressed with a sense of justice "hang our harps upon the willow," we still cover from the constituent Assembly, the rights of citi- father, friend and citizen, the Jews may claim an Called together to the Holy Land by the slow but one effort for independence, how can we reasonably cause, and the decree of 1790 gave them a legal expectation. If there are some who occasionally wander that the paths of continue to supplicate the paths of cont reward of merit which has been amply afforded to

Why should Christians persecute Jews? Sprung to direct the energies of a just and honorable government in the land of the Patriarchs.

The present condition of our people inrougnout the land bankers, and many of them possess distinguished to direct the energies of a just and honorable government in the land of the Patriarchs.

Conforming therefore to the constitution and laws of the United States, there is no difficulty in organizing and concentrating the Jewish nation. Originally we were a race of shepherds; each man governed his own family, and to the enjoyment of domestic happing three of the most ancient congregations in the world.

The present condition of our people inrougnout the land bankers, and many of them possess distinguished world is not without interest and instruction. The talents.

The history of our people in Spain is of peculiar interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and after their dispersion, the seat of learning and the birth 1 lace of our greatest scholars.

The Jews first appeared in Spain, during the reign when I see temperance united to industry: virtue and the sum of the most ancient congregations in the world.

The present condition of our people in spain is of peculiar interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and after their dispersion, the seat of learning and the birth 1 lace of our greatest scholars.

The Jews first appeared in Spain, during the reign when I see temperance united to industry: virtue and the sum of the most ancient congregations in the world.

The history of our people in Spain is of peculiar interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the Jews, and interest. Spain was a country dear to the

The Jews were an agricultural people, before they man Government, and who would be instantly sacrilead by their releatless rulers, upon the least succor claims of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were so away applied; but his exof a fertile quality well wooded and watered, may be wrest their property from them, no tithes, no exactions, no prosecutions await them; they will be called upon to contribute that moderate support to government, which is cheerfully yielded by every good citizen. They will be themselves Lords of the Soil, citizen. They will be themselves Lords of the Soil, and making the solution in the hour of tribulation have that find my face pressed by a royal decree, and other acts of a moderate support to government, which is cheerfully yielded by every good citizen. They will be themselves Lords of the Soil, and making the hour of tribulation have the tribunal. The military commissions have been supported by pressed by a royal decree, and other acts of a moderate support to government, which is cheerfully yielded by every good citizen. They will be themselves Lords of the Soil, and the first and protects the whole family well disposed to use the powers it possesses: but the contribute that moderate support to government, which is cheerfully yielded by every good citizen. They will be themselves Lords of the Soil, and the first and omnipotence in every form them.² In a little wrath I hid my face pressed by a royal decree, and other acts of a moderate support to gove the mercy on thee, saith the Lord thy Redeemer.²

To him who shelters and protects the whole family well disposed to use the powers it possesses: but the Covernment, which is the first and omnipotence in every form them.² In a little wrath I hid my face pressed by a royal decree, and other acts of a moderate support to gove the mercy on thee, saith the Lord thy Redeemer.²

To him who shelters and protects the whole family are form them.² In a little wrath I hid my face pressed by a royal decree, and other acts of a moderate support to gove the form them.² In a little wrat and Sovereigns in their own right, eligible to office and solutions of the East, and by international marriages, and honors, and acquiring that consideration and respect which unavoidably await correct deportment, probable that from the previous sufferings of the expression of the talents and reputation. The State of New-York is far advanced in improvelions of acres of cultivated land, producing grain in which they finally reached. abundance and every variety of fruit, and rich grazing meadows. A farm of one hundred acres well cultivated will, with industry, afford an ample liveli- opinion that they are the lineal descendants of the hood and corresponding happiness to a family. I Israelites, and my own researches go far to confirm again repeat, agriculture is the natural and noble pur- | me in the same bolief. suit of man. Between the handles of the plough, in felling the oak of the forest, in the harvest and in the reason of fruits, the farmer is still the same free and happy citizen, and has all the resources of life within himing their Chief and distinctive Symbol to each. Some self. His cattle are raised in his pastures, his grain of their tribes it is said are named after the Cheruproduce him bread, his sheep afford him wool, his binical figures that were carried on the four principal trees sugar, his fields flax, he is his own brewer and Standards of Israel. They consider themselves as the forts and frequently luxuries which wealth can give.

ties, and unceasing encouragement to the manufacturer and mechanic. The laws and customs in Europe, present many obstacles to the Jews becoming mechanics. To be permechanic art. In this country, our mechanics are nu-merous, opulent and influential. Masons, Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Tailors, Hatters, Shoemakers, Cur- vorces, punishment of adultery—burial of the dead, city."
riers and the more light branches of labor are always and mourning, they bear a striking analogy to our trade, in this country no industrious man can possibly

The rising importance and value of our manufactories, should attract the attention of the Jewish capitalists. The Congress of the United States has, by a judicious revision of the Tariff, so regulated the du- ic complexion, and Jewish features. Should we be ties on foreign fabrics, as to give permanent encouragement to our own. The market value of articles to the nation—the first of people in the old world, vestments are principally in Grist Mills, Saw Mills, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

erecting and supporting justitutions of charity, estab- I recommend the establishment of emigration sociedishing seminaries of learning, and for all the purposes ties throughout Europe, in order that proper aid may with his Lordship. His Lordship has left it they prepare themselves for the contest, believing an efficient and economical government, is not be afforded to those who may be disposed to visit this to the Committee to settle the amount of the that a French army will again pass the Pyrennees, to readily concentrated.

tion was intended to preserve the people from rumous will be necessary to have at least, a sufficiency to and oppressive taxation, and therefore limited the support their lamilies for six months, as by that time sovereign to the moderate exigencies of his Court; they may be enabled to realize the fruits of enter-but it appears from our prophet Samuel, and indeed prise and industry, and a sufficient sum may at that but it appears from our prophet Samuel, and indeed prise and industry, and a sufficient sum may at that from the ancient laws, of Babylon, also in force among the Greeks and Romans, that the jus regeum was computed at one tenth. The tithes afforded to the High should exist, that the Jews must not labor in this ed as certain, that one eminent banking house harvest even to "Mint, Cummia and Anise." A con- same portion of industry, exercised in other parts of ker, 59,000 pounds of Greek Scrip. siderable portion was also secured to the Levites. It the world, we realize a greater portion of happiness, is, however, obvious that these exactions were exhor- tranquillity, and personal rights. We shall not be bitant, and while they gave splendor to the govern- prepared to receive emigrants on Grand Island, until ment, they tended to impoverish the people.

ses of the government in its inciplent organization. us many temporal sacrifices, which should be cheerit is small tax, however, does not prevent free will fully yielded, as a slight acknowledgment for the
offerings in our Syn gegues, which the liberal and protecting favors of the Almighty.

in modern times seen service, may be necessary to not be lightly dissolved.

I have made it imperative on parties contracting matrimony, to read, write and comprehend the lan-

*var between the Greeks and Ottoman Ports. While to revive the Government of the oldest of nations, V., and some intercepted letters, which nearly impli-

tribes in Egyptian bondage, that they bent their course in a northwest direction, which brought them ments of every kind. There are upwards of six mil- within a few leagues of the American Continent, and

Those who are most conversant with the public and private economy of the Indians, are strongly of

He sees the sun rise in glory and set in majesty. He have possessed. Their words are sonorous and bold, who wishes to be truly religious and be surrounded with the admonitions of piety, should be an agricul- brew origin. They compute time after the manner tion at this He sees the sun rise in glory and set in majesty. He have possessed. Aner words are sonorous and body, who wishes to be truly religious and be surrounded and their language and dialect are evidently of Hewith the admonitions of piety, should be an agriculturalist. To the man of capital the advantages held forth in this State are numerous and acknowledged. Seasons, and their subdivisions are the lunar months, ry branch of trade, regarding the rate of wages, and their subdivisions are the lunar months. from unclean things ; in short, in their marriages, diamply encouraged, and with the acquirement of a people. How came they on this continent, and if indigenous, when did they acquire the principles and essential forms of the Jews? The Indians are not possess great vigor of intellect and native talent, hitherto cost. they are a brave and eloquent people, with an Asiatright in our conjecture, what new scenes are opened

tax of Three Shekels of shiver, which was be equal There is no part of our lengton which should be taken from the law, for if him is so situated that he cannot escape, and were received yesterda to one Spanish dollar, to be paid annually, a sum tered, nothing should be taken from the law, for if him is so situated that he cannot escape, and Jones from London. within the means of the poorest, and if paid and colthe power of innovation existed, there would be no
lected will be amply sufficient to defray the expenend to the pruning knife. Our religion demands from
it is impossible to form any opinion of the state

mance department, and likewise such other officers as are usually named in well organized governments. Having personally witnessed the observance of this dominated at a vast amount. Since the termination of the wars on the Continent, a great portion of the capital throughout to the coffers of its proprietors. A few millions of dollars judiciously invested and thrown into the Western Districts of this State, would realize a reasonable profit, and be of immense benefit to this thriving and populous section of our country.

During the European wars, many Jews joined the different armies, and I learn have distinguished them-

Wars are accessary in defence of national rights gauge of the country, which they respectively inhabwhen unjustly assailed. So Gon has thought, and fit. Early marriages among our people, are enjoined from Madrid to the 9th, which positively states that a fit of the Curracea Courant, to from Madrid to the 9th, which positively states that a the 10th September. It is published in the Dutch new French force is going to enter Spain. Its amount those important alliances are formed even in infancy, is computed at eight thousand men. The British the North-American Review, and the papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Press of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers to be papers of the Old July states that a United States. It found to be papers to cabees, but in blending our people with the great and before the responsibility of the obligations can Press of the 22d July says that the correspondence United States. It furnishes very little Island news: American family, I wish to see them able and willing be duly estimated. It is thus, that ignorance may be from Madrid represents the affairs of the Peninsula but gives a decree of the Congress of Colombia, for to sustain its honor with their lives and fortunes.— come hereditary, and a just policy calls for the adop- to have arrived at a crisis. Some great political blow, the appropriation of a Million of Dollars for the ad-

The Jews were an agricultural people, before they were a nation; the fruitful valleys of Canaan, the plains of Ninevah, Greece, Persia, Egypt, and in modern the plains of Ninevah, Greece, Persia, Egypt, and in modern the plains of Ninevah, Greece, Persia, Egypt, and in modern the plains of Ninevah, Greece, Persia, Egypt, and in modern the plain of the safety of innocent people, enhibit their devotion and attachment to this pursuit. In no country on earth, can they enjoy in this respect the plainting of the safety of innocent people, enhibit their devotion and attachment to this pursuit. In no country on earth, can they enjoy in this respect the personnel of the safety of innocent people, enhibit their devotion and attachment to this pursuit. It is due to the just and generous to them—It may proposed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was plaint of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was plaint of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was plaint of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was plaint of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was plaint of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was plaint of an oppressed people—it will admonish Sove-planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was planations were of unsatisfactory that the King was planations were en unsatisfactory that the King was planations equal advantages to those which we hold forth. Land of its successful advancement.

The discovery of the lost tribes of Israel, has never purchased on the most reasonable terms; taxes are equalized and moderate: and by a recent act of the Ligislature of this State, aliens can hold any quantity upon declaring their intention of becoming citizens. This great privilege which in other countries is denied to the Jews, is here afforded, together with every personal security. The lands they cultivate are their own; no sovereign or feudal lord, or magistrate can wreast their property from them, no tithes, no exactions of the Almighty, have been full-property from them, no tithes, no exactions of its successful advancement.

The discovery of the lost tribes of Israel, has never gives a name, a rank, an interest and a voice among indecent warmth on the necessity of restoring the cased to be a subject of deep interest to the Jews. That divine protection which has been between the infancy of nature to the present period, has, without doubt, been equality to the plenitude of its and a rank, an interest and a voice among indecent warmth on the necessity of restoring the cased to be a subject of deep interest to the Jews. That divine protection which has been between the infancy of nature to the present period, has, without doubt, been equality to the plenitude of its and the nations of the earth—thus, in fact fulfilling the little thus, in fact fulfilling the little tribution of the Carth—thus, in fact fulfilling the little tribution of the earth—thus, in fact fulfilling the little tribution of the carth—thus, in fact fulfilling the little tribution of the Patriarchs—the had a heart, but that a leasured them that the Lord God, may say to an admiring and any the had at heart, but that the Lord God, may say to an admiring and any the had at heart, but that the Lord God, may say to an admiring and any to the previously received from the nation that I have sworn to protect—I was their the nation that I have sworn to protect—I wa

FOREIGN.

New-York Statesman Office, } LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The Packet ship Leeds, Capt. Stoddart, which are rived yesterday from Liverpool, brought our regular files of London papers to the 22d, and Liverpool to the 24th of August, inclusive.

A cabinet council had been summoned to meet early in October, to determine on the Hermosa, who is at Paris, has suffered a reduction of question whether a dissolution of Parliament shall take place this year. The New Times distiller, his forests afford him fuel, he has all the com- select and beloved people of Gop, and have all the says that it was confidently expected to take religious pride which our ancestors are known to place between the 31st of August and 31st of

To the land proprietor there is plenty and happiness: or our new Moons, commencing according to the eccording to the eccordinal to the eccordinal to the eccordinal to the eccor to the merchant and trader the most profitable facili- clesiastical year of Moses, the first Moon after the the manufacturing classes, both in Great Britain and vernal equinox. They have their prophets, High Ireland, into a somewhat singular and unprecedented letter is of a peculiar and important character. He Priests, and their sanctum sanctorum, in which all state of warfare. A most numerous meeting, of not tells the clergy roundly, that they are themselves Priests, and their sanctum sanctorum, in which all state of warfare. A most numerous meeting, of not tells the clergy roundly, that they are themselves the consecrated vessels are deposited, and which less than thirty different trades, was, on Wednesday the cause of all the disorders that afflict the country.

High Priest. They have their towns and cities of re-surross are stated of disposition with deardful. feetly independent, they should learn some branch of High Priest. They have their towns and cities of re- purpose, as was stated, of disavowing "the dreadful fuge-they have sacrifices and fastings-they abstain system of outrage and violence that has of late been unfortunately carried on to such an extent in that

essential forms of the Jews? The Indians are not len years, for 20,000 Florins, annually, which into execution. They have so carnestly proceed upon Savages, they are wild and savage in their habits, but is the same that the lighting of the city has the king, by means of M. Calomarde, their organ in

most unquestionable authority" that an arrange- | cil of Castile. This reference is considered by the ment has been concluded with Lord Cochrane by Apostolic party as the certain prelude of success. annually manufactured in this State alone, is computant the rightful inheritors of the new?—Spread from the Greek Deputies and Committee, by which ed at several hundred millions of dollars, and the in- the confines of the northwest coast to Cape Horn, a large sum of money is to be immediately vestments are principally in Grist Mills, Saw Mills, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Oil Mills, Fulling Mills, Carding Machines, Cotton and Woollen Factories, Iron Foundries, Trip Ilammers, Distilleries, Tanneries, Asheries, Breweries, people, what glory to our Gon—how clearly have the people, what glory to our Gon—how clearly have the left to make the disposal of his Lordship, to be expended by him in whatever way he may think most advisable for the successful prosecution of the war with the Turks. His Lordship had "Great alarm is felt on account of the dangerous for Cardenia and Cardenia and Foundries, Ang. 1.

Extract of a tetter dated Madrid, Ang. 1.

**The Royalist volunteers of Antequera have been most advisable for the successful prosecution of the war with the Turks. His Lordship had "Great alarm is felt on account of the dangerous for Cardenia and Cardenia and Foundries, Ang. 1.

Contract of a tetter dated Madrid, Ang. 1.

**The Royalist volunteers of Antequera have been most advisable for the successful prosecution of the war with the Turks. His Lordship had "Great alarm is felt on account of the dangerous of Cardenia." Grand Island is surrounded by water power, and is prophecies been fulfilled, how certain our dispersion, admitted to be an eligible spot for the erection of manufactories.

The organization of a system of Finance for the prophecies been fulfilled, how certain our dispersion, how providential our dispersion, and immediately proceed to Greece. It is said, that a military force of 3,500 men was promotion of emigration, affording aid to settlers, means in my power.

The organization of a system of Finance for the provided with muskets and cartridges, to be procured and placed under the command of Sir Robert Wilson, to get in co-covergion of the Catalonian is lett on account of the cangerous left town for Scotland, whence he would return and immediately proceed to Greece. It is said, that a military force of 3,500 men was to be procured and placed under the command of Sir Robert Wilson, to get in co-covergion of the Catalonian in the cangerous left town for Scotland, whence he would return and immediately proceed to Greece. It is said, that a military force of 3,500 men was to be procured and placed under the command of Sir Robert Wilson, to get in co-covergion of the Catalonian in the cangerous left town for Scotland, whence he would return the turks. He catalonia. In the interior of that province and immediately proceed to Greece. It is said, that a military force of 3,500 men was to be provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided with muskets and cartridges, and they have made great provided of Sir Robert Wilson, to act in co-operation de Zea is the creature of the French Ministry, and without some difficulty. Our means are ample but country, and also to ascertain the character and ocwithout some difficulty. Our means are ample but country, and also to ascertain the character and ocrecompense to be awarded to him for his serIndicateur of Bordeaux says, that intelligence has they are diffused, spread over the globe, and not cupation of such emigrant, and supply them with passports and information. Passage in all cases illiary expedition shall be placed under his sole runna, that the press continues in the province of Our law prohibited the Kings of Israel from "mul-should be taken for New-York. It should be distinct-tiplying to themselves silver and gold."—This prohibi- ly understood by emigrants of limited means, that it control—the trammels in which his Lordship Gallicia to obtain soldiers for the Havana expedition.

excitement in the stock market, and it is stat- carry 20,000 men." Priests were of similar value in cattle, first fruits, the country; we all are compelled to work, but with the in the Strand had purchased through their bro-

together contradictory. Some state that the reached Marseilles, and was received with satthe ensuing summer, and this notice is given to pre- Greeks of the Morea had been defeated, that isfaction. Two vessels which were loading Taxes should be equalized and always levied in vent an indiscriminate and harty emigration, which the Turks immediately advanced on Missolon- for Martinique had changed their destination, Taxes should be equalized and always levied in vent an indiscriminate and hasty emigration, which the Turks immediately advanced on Missolou-correspondence with the wants of the nation. In organizing the Jewish Government, the poorest should be enabled to participate in the great and glorious generally diffused among the Jews, it is the staff of their existence—the star of their future happiness. Is he flag, on seeing which, the Turks suspendence with this view I have imposed a capitation their existence—the star of their future happiness. Is he flag, on seeing which, the Turks suspendence with the view I have imposed a capitation their existence—the star of their future happiness. It is the staff of their operations. Others state, that Ibraghi and Napoli di Romania, and that the inhab- and would preceed to Hayti.

wealthy may make in the furtherance of the great objection view.

A suitable person will be appointed to direct the fimance department, and likewise such other officers

A suitable person will be appointed to direct the fimance department, and likewise such other officers

Those letters established the
has published the Address of the Provisional Government and Ecclesiastical Chiefs of Greece to the Pope.
The object of this address is to solicit his Holiness to
ment and Ecclesiastical Chiefs of Greece to the Pope.
The object of this address is to solicit his Holiness to
months of the first and protecting favors before a point out to the Greek's a Prince of Rayal blood and Loxpon, Aug. 20. During the Luropean wars, many Jews joined the different armies, and I learn have distinguished themselves in sundry campaigns; several have been honored with important commissions, and given proofs of valor and fidelity.—Such who prefer a military life, and who may at the present period have arms in their hands, may continue in their ranks; their arms must hands, may continue in their ranks; their arms must have lost our ancient military character, and the such privileges. Our religious divorces are too loose-life and such alliances should discipline. courage, and constancy, of those who have discipline, courage, and constancy, of these who have ty; marriage is a sacred tie, and such alliances should berlain, on the 24th May, and on the 6th June, an appearance generally prosperous. Some clouds hung answer was returned to the Greek Commissary, that over commercial affairs .- Cent. the Pope had received it the day on which it was delivered to his Minister.

Time which matures and brings form many surprising events, may give us a ferritory beyond the Lakes, least that portion of intelligence and education, which great in extent and resources, we may occupy a position of importance on the Pacific, and wherever Providence may lead the nation, I wish to have its rights mainfully sustained.

There are many subjects of great interest, which I mainfully sustained.

There are many subjects of great interest, which I respecting the plot for elevating the latter to the public treasury can receive any part of the form. Ferdinand put into his brother's hands some Thus commences auspiciously, I hope, the attempt pieces of money, coined with the likeness of Charles it would afford me great happiness to aid any oppress- and lead them, if not to the promised, still to the hap- cated the Infant in a knowledge of the treasonable d'Affairs to the United States, is showly expected at proceedings carried on by conspirators in his behalf. Washington,

overwhelming influence of a bigoted and cruel priestare waiting at Corunna to be embarked on the exprdition to the Havana manifest alarming symptoms of mutiny, and commit daily disorders and excesses, One of the officers lately entered the Larracks in erder to seize one of the rioters, who in self-defence throw a bottle at his head. The officer drew his sword, and struck right and 'left all those who stood in his way. The consequence was, that they all attacked him, and showered their bottles and other missiles upon him. He was with difficulty rescued from their hands. The poverty of the epanish treasury has compelled the government to reduce the allow-ances of its foreign ambassadors. The Duke de Villa 30,000 francs, which is a matter of indifference to him, on account of his large fortune.

Lonnon, Aug. 22. By the correspondence from Madrid, we learn that the government of king Ferdinand has lately given orders to the prelates of Spain, to issue pastoral letters to the clergy of their respective diecresce, urging them to use their influence to promote peace, oblivion and concord. Among the number of those tinguished rank in the Spanish Church. His pastorai dinary, that the ministers of the Most High, who in Spain are the only guides of a simple and rescalight-ened people, should instead of leading there by the lights of the Gospel, resplendant with charity, hold The English Gas Company has undertaken out to them the torch of discord." The Ultras, howthe cabinet, the propriety and necessity of re-estab-lishing the inquisition that the subject has been form-It is stated in the Morning Chronicle, on " the ally referred to one of the departments of the Coun-

> [From the Quotidicane.] Extract of a letter dated Madrid, Ang. 1.

to await the transports daily expected from Cadir-The above intelligence had occasioned great Other expeditions, it is said, will follow this, so as to

FRANCE.-The French accounts are only one day later than we received by the Azelia, and furnish nothing of particular interest. The news GREECE.—The accounts from Greece are al- of the recognition of Haytien Independence had

> Boston, Oct 5. London papers to August 25th, (three days the latest.) were received yesterday by Mr. Topleff, brought in the bog

> They afford but few printes of interest. To nuthentic advices from the seat of war had been received since the letters of Gen. Rotur, which have already been noticed. These letters established the

PARIS, (MI

THE WEATH thermometer pro extremely dry, age, especially scarce; and the the County, whi the drought cor most the water many places; th and dysentery.

PROBATE COU in this day's pap Term of this Co day last, has be indisposition of

SAMUEL SMAI of Deeds, for C ticenty-four votes next election v when the people a change, should Hon. MARK I. said County.

THE JEWS A paper is occupie ered at Buffalo, quite lengthy, it al. It certainly "chosen people many volumes. together new, e with what succ even guess. Mr. of his Nation at tablishing a gov ed at by some of term his assume self so many title observations on enough acquain opinión as to ti have. "Gover er lofty; yet it : mental to the publicanism, mo " Grand High Po give no alarm in

Whether they m trimming with a with sword or pis it would compor to use the dirk. We would ting of fires in damage has be and individual ing of dry woodlt ought to be fires are liable neighbor's pro in this and otl

ONE WAY TO

tors of a Newabused by the E ducing the subje the proper correct

it now stands; ges. Would i to make some the clearing of which should onment in Th Law of the . for a violation every person, on, &c. meetin giving to the part of the ro kept the road

fully establish

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beyond the re-

chaise to pass, We are info ly been invited public of Me its naval forc public declare recommend to to tender this ter; on the 3 approved by t cordingly bee Commodore P

of Colombia. We have n Porter's deter these offers. The Navy shortly consist five frigates, presume its u considerable, purpose was. lars. The N

short time of of Mexico, as England and t

THE OBSERVER.

PARIS, (ME.) THURSDAY, OCT. 19, 1825.

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the later decreased in an appropriate to the first and in the later to the second section of the second sections and THE WEATHER for several days past has been quite warm. On Thursday and Friday of last week, the eign officer. thermometer probably rose to near 80 degrees. It is extremely dry, and fires are doing considerable damage, especially to woodland, fences, &c. Water is scarce; and there are but few mills in this section of the County, which can be in operation long, should the drought continue. Many wells are dry; and in most the water is very low. Sickness prevails in many places; the most usual complaints are fevers son named Johnstone was seen travelling on foot, ford, (Con.) there is a girl by the name of Eland dysentery.

PRODATE COURT.—By an advertisement published port road. A short time after, Mr. Smeltzer, knits; and they are learning her the alphabet, of Coshocton, also passed the house, travelling by sticking pins in a cushion to the form of letterm of this Court, which was to be holden on Tues- in the same direction. About a mile and a half ters, and then passing her finger over them! day last, has been adjourned, in consequence of the indisposition of the Judge.

of Deeds, for Cumberland County, by a majority of twenty-four votes over all the other candidates. The next election will take place in September next; when the people will have an opportunity of making a change, should they wish it.

Hon. MARK HARRIS is chosen County Treasurer for said County.

paper is occupied with the oration of Mr. Noan, deliv- road; that he inquired of this man who killed which she wore in her corsets. ered at Buffalo, on the 15th ultimo; and, although the mail-carrier; that the man looked surly, quite lengthy, it will woll pay the reader for its perusal. It certainly contains more history respecting the "chosen people," than we have found in reading many volumes. The novelty of the plan being altogether new, excites considerable attention; and with what success it may be attended, we cannot evenguess. Mr. Noan is highly deserving the thanks entered near the spine, and lodged beneath the of his Nation at least, for his exertions and zeal in es- skin below the breast. When Johnstone passed tablishing a government among them. He is sneer- Booth's he was observed to carry nothing but a ed at by some of his brother Editors, for what they term his assumed authority, and for taking upon himself so many titles. But we refrain from making any observations on him or his undertaking; as we are not enough acquainted with the Jews, to form a correct opinion as to the form of government they should have. "Governor and Judge of Israel" sounds rather lofty; yet it may possess nothing contrary or detrimental to the pure and genuine principles of Republicanism, more than "General Grand King," " Grand High Priest," and many other titles, which give no alarm in our country.

tors of a New-Orleans paper state, that, if they are abused by the Editors of that place, instead of introducing the subject into their paper, they shall apply the proper corrective to the aggressor out of their office. Whether they mean to give their opponents a decent trimming with a cow skin, or to settle the difficulty with sword or pistol, we are not informed; but think it would comport more with the fashion of the place, to use the dirk.

BELFAST, October 5. We would caution persons against the setfing of fires in the woods at this season. Much damage has been already done to the public and individual property by unseasonable burning of dry wood and brush to clear up the land. It ought to be known that all persons setting fires are liable for the damage done to their they have dared to attack him; one of which deprived of a tender and fond mother.—Sylvia F. on interest, neighbor's properly thereby. There have been deserves to be recorded: in this and other Counties decisions of Courts fully establishing this law. But many indeed Orono, on his way home from this place, when who hazard the property of others this way are about seven miles distant, was alarmed by a beyond the reach of the penalty of the law, as rustling among the underbrush near the road It now stands; being too poor to pay the dama- in which he was travelling. On listening he to make some Statute Regulations concerning ed the provisions with which his pack was the clearing of land by fire; the breach of stowed, and was making haste to partake of which should be highly penal, even to imprist them. He immediately faced about, dropped man, aged 54, one of the Judges of the Supreme onment in Thomaston? - Gaz.

and fined last week at Taunton, on a complaint industry to the free-booter without a struggle from Worcester County, (Mass.) and until lately a reform a violation of the law which requires that to protect them. The animal made his way sident of Croydon. He was a firm believer in the every person, with any kind of Carriage, wag-directly to the road and rapidly advanced upon Universal Benevolence of Gon, and of the Restoration, &c. meeting another shall turn to the right, his wary enemy. Inman knowing from his tion of the whole human family, and died in the full fiving to the other one half of the travelled footstope that he was near though the average assurance of a happy immortality.—Newport Spec. giving to the other one half of the travelled footsteps that he was near, (though the expart of the road. The person complained of, treme darkness of the night prevented him kept the road, thinking there was room for a from seeing him,) inclined his head as near the chaise to pass, without injury .- Bos. Pat.

From the National Intelligencer.

We are informed, and have no doubt of the shades that surrounded him, and one of the fact, that Commodore David Porter has late-largest of the species, reared on his hind feet ly been invited to enter the service of the Re- immediately before him, and with open mouth public of Mexico, as Commander-in-Chief of rushed upon his prey. At this critical moment its naval forces. The Executive of that Re- Inman's presence of mind did not forsake him, public declared, on the fourth of July last, to but deliberately levelling his piece, he shot the recommend to the Council of the Government, sable robber through the heart and laid him dead to tender this appointment to Commodore Portal the South Council of the heart that his hair ter; on the 30th of July the proposition was was burned by the der of Mr. Inman's gun. approved by the Council, and the offer has ac- His weight was 250lbs, and his skin measured cordingly been made to him. We understand, nearly six feet in length. also, that a similar overture has been made to Commodore P. on the part of the Government of Colombia,

Porter's determination is in relation to either of voyage to England. She was accompanied by

presume its ultimate augmentation will be very masts, spars, lath wood, &c.-6000 tons of tim-considerable, as the last appropriation for the ber were wrought up in the construction of this purpose was, we believe, three millions of dol- immense floating fabric. lars. The Navy of Colombia will consist, in a short time of a force equal, or superior, to that Electric Eel.—The Editor of the Hartford Bookstore, A SERMON, delivered July 7th, of Mexico, as there are now building, both in Times mentions the arrival in that city of a liv-

NEW-PHILADELPHIA, (Onto,) Sept. 13. aged about 18 years, named Cotnell, while en-Coshocton, was shot on Friday last, in Oxford shocks on touching it. township; in this County. It appears, that about 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the 9th inst. a pergether, when he (Johnstone) stopped at a noise—it is a kind of howl. spring to drink; that the mail-carrier rode on; that he heard the report of a gun, and a shriek; and using his rifle in a menacing manner, told The following is the list of Prizes in the 4th Class Johnstone not to accuse him of the murder, or of the Cumberland and Oxford Canal Lattery of above words to that effect, and afterwards stepped off eight dollars, together with the prizes of five dollars, the road into the woods, and has not since been sold at the Oxford Bookstone. The figures drawn discovered. This is the substance of the story were 8-3-1-6; therefore all tickets whose last related by Johnstone to Mr. S. and others. The figure is either of those number boy was shot in the back with a rifle ball, which walking stick. His assertions, however, are said to be contradictory, and he is detained until the affair shall be further investigated.

Norrolk, Sept. 24. Melancholy Event .- A duel was fought, on Thursday afternoon, by Mr. Charles F. Shoemaker, (of Philadelphia,) and Mr. Thomas S. Wayne, (of Savannah, Geo.,) both Midshipmen of the U. S. frigate Constellation, which arrived here a few days since from the West India Station. It was, we learn, the result of a difference between them during their late cruise. They met at the site of Fort Nelson, opposite; ONE WAY TO SETTLE DIFFICULTIES .- The Edi- which the ship is moored, and upon the first fire, shocking to say, Mr. Shoemaker received the ball of his antagonist in the right side, a little above the hip bone, which he survived only a

few hours, having expired yesterday morning. The remains of Mr. Shoemaker, were landmen from the frigate, and were interred in the old church-yard with military honors .- Beacon.

From the Penobscot (Bangor) Gazette. Beans.—These troublesome animals are unusually numerous, in this vicinity, the present season. Scarcely a cornfield within ten miles

from this has been free from their depredations. They have however, generally, fled at the ap-

deserves to be recorded: A few evenings since, Mr. Adam Iuman, of Would it not be well for the Legislature was convinced that some wild animal had scenton one knee, and presented his fowling piece, well charged with ball and buckshot, determining the hand sound facility of his line Wendell, (N. H.) on Saturday 24th ult. Mr. Personal facility of his Law of the Road .- A teamster was convicted ed not to give up the hard-earned fruits of his ground as possible, in the hope of getting a sight of the foe before he should close with him. In a moment a bear, blacker than the

The Great Timber Ship, Baron of Renfraw, weighed anchor in the St. Lawrence on the We have not understood what Commodore 25th ult. and moved down the river on her several steam-boats, and having four masts, The Navy of Mexico, we are informed, will crowded with sails, made a grand appearance. shortly consist of one line of battle ship, four or This ship is 309 feet in length, and her cargo five frigates, and some smaller vessels. We consists of 9515 tons of timber, deals, staves,

large class, intended for the service of that Re-| brought to the United States. It was conveyed thither by Capt. Latimore, from Surinam; is The invitation from Mexico must be very about three feet long, and resembles a Lamgratifying to Commodore Porter's feelings, as prey Eel. It has but one fin which runs near- Cumberland and Oxford Canak it is the highest compliment, we believe, that ly the whole length of the body, and serves has been offered by any government to a for- for a rudder. In order to try the effect of a shock on a fish, one was put into the tub which contained the Eel; on its coming in contact, it was thrown up about two feet, and when it Murder, with intent to rob the Mail .- A lad fell was perfectly lifeless. The Editor of the Times, while examining this singular animal, gaged in carrying the mail from Freeport to says that he received three or four severe

In the asylum for Deaf and Dumb at Hartapparently in company with the mail-carrier, len Brune-who is peculiarly an object of pity. passing the house of Mr. Booth, on the Free- She is deaf, dumb, and blind! She sews and from Mr. Booth's he discovered Johnstone on She will recognize a person by the sense of the road, who cried out, "murder, murder!"— smelling and feeling! When she sews, she and when Mr. S. rode up, he beheld the corpse feels with her finger and thumb for the place SAMUEL SMALL, of Portland, is elected Register of the mail-carrier, with his horse, on which to put the meedle, and her stitches are placed be drawn in Four Weeks, if the sale of Tickets were the mail bags, at a short distance. On very true and even. She threads her needle will justify it. All Prizes subject to the usual de-Johnstone's being interrogated respecting his with her tongue, putting it into her mouth, duction of fifteen per cent, and payable in sixty days knowledge of the transaction, he said-that the with the thread, which she rolls round until after the drawing in bank bills, generally current in mail-carrier and himself had been travelling to- threaded. She makes a dreadful unpleasant this State.

A young lady in Connecticut has been killed and on going forward saw the mail-carrier ly- by lightning, and her breast mangled in a frighting on the ground, either dead or dying; that ful manner, supposed to have been caused by THE JEWS AGAIN .- A large portion of this day's a man carrying a rifle came from the side of the the electric fluid being attracted to a steel busk

igure is eit.	ner of those n	iumbers are pri	Zes.
26-20	1181-50	1856-400	2468-20
616-20	1428-20	1901-3000	2551-100
756-50	1488-100	2148-50	2648-50
761-50	1711-20	2226-20	2723-20
856-50	1736-50	2336-1000	2793-100
978-20	1758-50	2461-20	2818-100
1026-50	1783-50	2463-20	2966-100
1156-20	1803-20		
1471	1473	1476	1478
1481	1483	1486	

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

shall appear in our next number-At the same time we would remark, that if she is crasy, she tells some would do well to observe.

The lines of 'THEODOSIA' were not received in season for this week's paper. They will appear in our next.

ed from the ship yesterday afternoon, and at- received; it will appear soon .- In reply to her inquiry tended to the tomb by many of the Navy Offi- respecting the lines on Lost Friendship, we would 2 new single SLEIGHS-1 old four-wheel CARRIAGE, cers on this station, a large detachment of Sea- inform her, they are not "forgotten;" but it was our opinion, it would be no advantage to her to publish them, for two reasons; which we will give her if desired.

Died,

In Sumner, on Sunday evening last, Mrs. Sarah, aged 20 years, wife of Mr. Timothy Crockett. She has thus early left a kind and indulgent husband to mourn the loss of an affectionate companion; and proach of man; though in a few instances, also one child, by this dispensation of Providence, is first day of January next, -with undoubted security

In New-Gloucester, Maj. Jacob Haskell, aged 82. In Hebron, on the 13th of April last, Mrs. Mary, aged 84 years and 9 months, wife of Mr. Asa Bearce. -Her descendants were 8 children, 65 grand children, and 63 great-grand children. She lived with her husband 65 years .- She was the friend of the distressed, and her heart and hand were ever open to the poor and needy-her friends and acquaintance will long cherish her memory with gratitude.

At New-Haven, on the 24th ult. Hon. Asa Chap-

European, India & American GOODS.

GEORGE HILL,

COURT-STREETPORTLAND, AS just received a large and extensive ussortment of

Fall and Winter Goods. OFVERY CHEAP FOR CASH. CA

N. B .- Homespun Cloths taken in exchange for Oct. 13.—67 Goods.

NOTICE.

THE PROBATE COURT, this day to be hold-en, stands adjourned to Tuesday the first day of November next, at ten of the clock in the forencon. All matters and things pending in said Court shall be continued, have day, and be heard on the day last aforesaid.

Per order of the Judge.

THOMAS WEBSTER, Register.

Probale Office, Paris, Oct. 11, 1825.

WANTED.

A FEW Live HEDGE HOGS, for which a reasonable be price will be given, if delivered at this Of-

COBB'S SERMON.

TUST Published and for sale at the Oxford Ingland and the United States, some ships of a ling Electric Eel, supposed to be the first ever salists, at Wayne. By Rev. Sylvanus Com.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF MAINE.

Lottery.

Class No. 5.

SCHEME.

	3-94			-		
3000	Ticke	ts a	it \$4	is	\$12,000	
1	Prize	of	. #		\$3000	
1	66	of			1000	
1	44	of			400	
5	Prizes	of	100	is	500	
10	44	of	50	îs	500	
12	66	of	20	is	240	
170	66	of	8	is	1360	
1000	44	of	5	is	5000	
1200	Prizes				\$12,000	

OF Less than two Blanks to a Prize!! The Prizes and blanks will be determined in ONE

Prizes not demanded in one year after the drawing P. VARNUM, Managers. will not be paid.

Portland, Sept. 30th, 1825. * TICKETS and Parts in the above Lottery, for sale at the Oxford Bookstore, where inight have been bought in the last Class some

HANDSOME PRIZES. · Price: Wholes \$4,25-Quarters \$1,25.

Paris, Oct. 13.

Further Notice OF THE

TYROCINIC ADELPHI.

TEMBERS of the Tyrocinic Adelphi and others. MEMBERS of the Anniversity of the Society which was to be celebrated on the 19th of October, current, is deferred till Wednesday, the 2d day of November next, on account of the failure of the expected Orator. At half past nine o'clock A. M. the Society will move in procession to the Meeting-house, in this vicinity, where an Oration will be pronounced by Brother SIMEON PERKINS, A. M. Preceptor of this Academy.

cademy. Per order, LEANDER S. TRIPP, Secretary. Hebron Academy, 8th Oct. 1825. 67

Administrators' Sale.

We have received the favor of 'CRAZY JANE;' it | TO BE SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE at the dwel-L ling-house of the late STEPHEN ROBINSON, in Paris, by order of the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, on Thursday the 13th of October truths, which those who pretend to have their senses | next, at nine o'clock, A. M. for the payment of debts, a part of the Personal Estate of said Robinson;

-viz:-3 valuable three year old COLTS-1 yearling do.-I yoke of OXEN-1 four year old OX-1 three year our next.

The favor of 'Thadeus' will receive due attention.

The answer of Miss—by 'Corinna,' has been received; it will appear soon.—In reply to her inquiry of WHEAT—100 do. of CORN—120 do. of OATS—respecting the lines on 'Lost Friendshin' we would a specific of WHEAT—100 do. of CORN—120 do. of OATS—respecting the lines on 'Lost Friendshin' we would a specific of WHEAT—100 do. of CORN—120 do. of OATS—respecting the lines on 'Lost Friendshin' we would a specific of WHEAT—100 do. of CORN—120 do. of OATS—respecting the lines on 'Lost Friendshin' we would a specific of the control of t —a quantity of PLANK for Cart-Felloes—a lot of. Plank and Heading for Barrels—a quantity of BOARDS, PLANK, and JOIST—a lot of WAGON. SPOKES—100 bbls. of good OLD CIDER—50 do. of VINEGAR-1 doz. MOROCCO SKINS-2 cwl. NAIL PLATES and RODS-6 bushels of PEAS and BEANS, —a quantity of Sheep's WOOL—and a quantity of CLOVER CHAFF.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

All purchases of \$10 and under, Cash; all over 10 and under \$20, in thirty days; all over \$20, on the

JEMIMA ROBINSON, Administrators. Paris, Sept. 22, 1825. is3w 65

AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, at the Court-House in Paris, in the County of Oxford, on Saturday the 15th day of October instant, at three of the clock P. M., all the right, title and interest of the subscriber, in and to the real estate of the late JOHN. WILLIS, deceased-being seven eighteenth parts of what is set off to be improved by the widow of said deceased, during her life, and subject to that incum-

TERMS of sale-Cash, on delivery of the Deed. Paris, Oct. 5, 1825.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST in going from NATHANIEL SEGAR'S to JERE' MIAH ANDREWS', in Bethel, a Calf-skin POCKET BOOK-containing Seventy-two Dollars in Bank Bills, and two Notes of Hand, payable to the subscriber. Whoever will return the same, shall receive the above reward. EDMUND SEGAR, Belliel, Oct. 1st, 1027.

NOTICE.

A LL persons who are indebted to the subscriber, are requested to make payment to Exocu Lincons, Esq., on or before the tenth day of October; or their Accounts will be sued without any further notice.

ALDEN FULLER. Paris, Oct. 3, 1825.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office at Paris, October 1st, 1825.

Micah Allen. Sarah Buck-Robert Bearce, Greenwood. Jonathan Cummings, 2-Clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Oxford

Hon. Court of Sessions-Next Court of Scisions. Jacob French. Rufus K. Goodenow, 4. Sophia Harris-Joseph Herrick, Jr.

Lemuel Jackson. Solomon Leonard-Joseph Lindsey-Joseph M. Ly-,

Eliza Morse. Simeon Norris—Cyrus B. Norris.

Zebulon K. Pratt—Benjamin Pratt.

Nathaniel Russell—Uriah Ripley, Jr.—Eliphas Ring-Increase Robinson—William Ryerson, 4.

Isaac Sturtevant—William Stearns—Joseph Swift—

ally Starbard.
Jacob Winslow—Esq. Walker.
ASA BARTON, A. P. M. Sally Starbard.

POETRY.

WICH ISLANDS. Translated from the original of Cruzee Rateee, his Ma-

jesty's Poet Laureate. Beneath this marble, mud, or moss, Whiche'er his subjects shall determine, Entombed in enlogies and dross, The Island King is food for vermin; Preserved by scribblers, and by salt, From Lethe, and sepulchrai vapors, His body fills his father's vault,

His character, the daily papers. Well was he framed for royal seat; Kind to the meanest of his creatures, With tender heart, and tender feet, And open purse, and open features; The ladies say, who laid him out, And earned thereby the usual pensions, They never wreathed a shroud about A corpse of more genteel dimensions.

He warred with half a score of foes, And shone, by proxy, in the quarrel; Enjoyed hard fights, and soft repose, And deathless debt, and deathless laurel; His enemies were scalped and flayed, Where'er his soldiers were victorious: And widows wept, and paupers paid, To make their Sovereign glorious.

And days were set apart for thanks, And prayers were said by pious readers, And laud was lavished on the ranks, And laud was lavished on their leaders; Events are writ by History's pen, And causes are too much to care for; Fame talks about the where and when While Folly asks why and wherefore.

In peace he was immensely gay, And indefatigably busy; Preparing gewgaws every day, And shows to make his subjects dizzy; And hearing the reports of guns, And singing the reports of gaolers; .And making up receipts for buns, And patterns for the army tailors;

And building carriages and boats, And streets, and chapels, and pavilions : And regulating all the coats, And all the principles of millions; And drinking homilies and gin, And chewing pork and adulation; And looking backwards upon sin, And looking forwards to salvation.

The people in his happy reign,
Were blest beyond all other nations,
Unharmed by foreign axe or chain, Unhealed by civil innovations: They served the usual logs and stones, With all the usual rites and terrors; And swallowed all their father's bunes,* And followed all their father's errors.

When a fierce mob with clubs and kniv Declared that nothing should content them, But that their representatives Should actually represent them, He interposed the proper checks, By sending troops with drams and banners, Cut short their speeches, and their necks, And broke their heads, to mend their manners

And when Dissension flung her stain ipon the light of Hymen's altar, ... And destiny made Cupid's chain As galling as the hangman's halter, He passed a most domestic life, By many mistresses befriended; And did not put away his wife, For fear the Priests would be offended.t

And thus at last sunk to rest Amid the blessings of his people: And sighs were heaved from every breast, And bells were tolled from every steeple; And loud was every public throng, His brilliant character adoring; And poets raised a mourning song, And clothiers raised the price of mourning.

His funeral was very grand, Followed by many robes and maces, And all the great ones of the land, Struggling, as heretofore, for places; And every loyal Minister Was there with signs of purse-felt sorrow, Save Pozzy, his Lord Chancellor, Who promised to attend to-morrow.

Peace to his dust! his fostering care By grateful hearts shall long be cherished ; And all his subjects shall declare, They lost a grinder when he perished.‡ They who shall look upon the lead, In which the people bath shrined him, Shall say, when all the worst is said,

* In the Sandwich Islands no greater mark of respect can be paid to the parent, by the son, than the swallowing of a part of his mortal remains. More civilized nations are content with the prejudices.

Perhaps he leaves a worse behind him!

VARIETY.

FROM THE ROCKINGHAM GAZETIE.

A Leaf from the Journal of Uncle Sam's family. We all remember the time when John Bull black eyes and bloody noses, they settled the matter by shaking hands and taking a glass together in Nick Frog's kitchen, where neither could tell exactly what he had been fighting about. Since this, Uncle Sam has kept on decent lerms with his neighbors, excepting a little direct; he therefore resigned the command to ple of America to cultivate the fruit that is natable semi-annually.

As a Barton,

As Barton,

As Barton,

As Barton,

It is certainly of great importance to the peoble of America to cultivate the fruit that is natable semi-annually.

No naner discontinued, until all arrearages are paid, parley with one Alexander, who lived to the north of him, who being a strong, blustering fellow, had the impudence to draw a line through Uncle Sam's farm, swearing that all to the north of it was his property, and he should clap any point thy guns a little more abaft."

Loven or good ciden.

he never could forget a grudge, managed matters well enough. The old lady, who carries Uncle Sam's purse in her own pocket, where he reasonably enough thinks it safer than in his own, was apt to take strange humors into she went, in spite of many of the tenants, who pence out of you yet." knew, that the deuce a dyke would the old lady ever make for them; and James who was he did not pitch on one within a certain time, friend?"-" A ropemaker," replied the other. his wife might. There were several in his eye; one of whom was John the son of one John, who had been Major-domo before, and kept the house in a state of confusion, that came near bringing down the root on the old exclaimed the knight of the hammer; "Going ! the necessary arrangements for his voyage. gentleman's head. John had been a great aid; one and sixpence—going t going l' It is yours, to him when he wanted to send errands to any sir, handing the book to the sailor. "Mine, er. For some time past he had lived on the farm, doing all the old gentleman's writing for him. His enemies said he was apt to get into a passion; and moreover was his own father's son, which no one could well deny. Next came [We copy the following from the American Farmer, of the family; but he had been poorly for most wholesome beverage we can have. Ep. Ors.] some time, and Uncle Sam did not exactly like his recommendations. But he that puzzled the old gentleman most of all, was Andrew, a turbulent being, who loved nothing in life so well; of his excursions, he seldom failed to give Unthe cider will be richer, softer, and higher colcle Sam himself a kick on the shins, or a rap
over the knuckles by way of remembrance, generally thought that the cider will be better;
of land for their support. In the 163d year of One day when John Bull sent a gang to one as the fermentation will certainly be more regularity his age, this modern Nestor was in the encorner of the farm to steal a bale of cotton, lar, which is of importance. The gathering and Andrew hid behind the bale till they came up, grinding of the apples, and pressing out of the and drummed upon them so unmercifully, that juice, is a mere manual labor, performed with they were too happy to take to their heels. very little skill in the operation; but here the Long and wearily did Uncle Sam deliberate on great art of making good cider commences; for this business of choice; but the more he as soon as the juice is pressed out, nature begins thought, the worse it was; and the old lady, to work a wonderful change in it. The juice thought, the worse it was; and the old lady, to work a wonderful change in it. The juice Together with an elegant two-story DWELLING finding that the affairs of the farm would go on of fruit, if left to itself, will undergo three disrather scurvily, unless she took the business tinct fermentations, all of which change the STABLE situated thereon, and a good WELL or into her own hands, fixed a day when she would quality and nature of this fluid. The first is give her own opinion in form. The day came; the vinous; the second the acid, which makes give her own opinion in form. The day came; the vinous; the second the acid, which makes near three Stores, Saw-mill, Grist-mill, Carding-mashe took her seat in the middle of the parlor, it hard and prepares it for vinegar; by the third chine, Oil-mill, Fulling-mill, &c. It also affords a good when she took her pen and ink-horn from her it becomes putrid. The first fermentation is stand for a Trader or an Innbolder. Purchasers would pocket, and fell to calculating. Happening to the only one the juice of apples should under- do well to call and sec for themselves; and as the mention the name of John, the tenants set up go, to make good cider. It is this operation subscriber is about closing his business to remove a sort of growl of approbation; upon which that separates the juice from the filth, and from town, they may depend upon very fair terms the old lady, who was very tenacious of her leaves it a clear, sweet, vinous liquor. To predignity, gave the first one she encountered a serve it in this state is the grand secret; this as the property if not sold before that time, will be cuff, and the next a kick, till she cleared the is done by fumigating it with sulphur, which disposed of in a different manner.

From the Trenton Emporium.

ended.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11, 1755. "It having been found very inconvenient to tance and must be particularly attended to. The persons concerned in trade, that the mail from fermentation is attended with a hissing noise, bub-Philadelphia to New-England, sets out but once bles rising to the surface and there forming a soft, bate for the County of Oxford, to receive and examt When a native of the Sandwich Islands is weary a fortnight during the winter season; this is to of his first spouse, he may bring home another, but give notice, that the New-England mail will begins to crack, and white froth appears in the LPHRAIM LINDSAY, late of Fryeburg, in said Counhenceforth go once a week the year round, cracks level with the surface of the head, the ty, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby give not When the Sovereign of the Eandwich Islands dies, whereby correspondence may be carried on, fermentation is about stopping. At this time the liquor is in a fine, genuine, clear state, and must be carried and Boston in three weeks, which used by design of the head, the liquor is in a fine, genuine, clear state, and must be carried on, fermentation is about stopping. At this time the decease and service the last Saturdays of October and bead.

a lady in the second tier of boxes at the Thea- and hold it in the cask, till it is consumed, then burned a consignment of burne the cask and shake it. that the linuor may Portland, has just received a consignment of took some of Uncle Sam's corn on its way to a lady in the second tier of boxes at the Thea-bung the cask and shake it, that the liquor may bund the latter retorted by shall tre; "I wish to go up stairs and get some re-bung the cask and shake it, that the liquor may Machine Cards, from the Manufactory of Horace incornects with and retain the furnes; after market, to which the latter retorted, by shuttre; "I wish to go up stairs and get some reting up his house and barn, and declaring, that
seated in the box near his sweetheart, and dis
this fill the cask and bung it up. The cider satisfaction.

The cider satisfaction. ing John's life, he should not have it. After a posed to do the same thing, rose and said, should be racked off again the latter part of the Orders for any quantity executed at short no-pretty hot quarrel, with the usual proportion of the don't fall overboard when I'm gone."

In a short not as also bong it up.

I he cluer satisfaction.

Should be racked off again the latter part of the Orders for any quantity executed at short not gone, as you wish it, put in singlass to fine it, and stir

I as you wish it, put in singlass to fine it, and stir Nat. Adv.

A Quaker who had the command of a trading Cider prepared in this manner will keep sweet

one in limbo who offered to go within sight off Anecdote of Gen. Lincoln.—At Purysburgh, it. Uncle Sam had laid it down as a law in his on the Savannah river, a soldier named Fickfamily that no one should hold the post of Ma- ling, having been detected in frequent attempts [The poetical jet d'esprit below is a sample of the jor-domo more than eight years; and unless to desert, was tried and sentenced to be banged. liberties which the British wits take with the charact they took special heed to the old gentleman's Gen. Lincoln ordered the execution. The rope ter of their monarch in the London newspapers. It humors, they were apt to be shewn the door broke; a second was procured, which broke heart of the writer, as well as complimentary to the alludes throughout to George IV.—Nat. Gaz.] in half the time. When he had settled his also; the case was reported to the General for people of Nantucket, was transmitted by Gov. Line. in half the time. When he had settled his also; the case was reported to the General for people of Nantucket, was transmitted by Gov. Lie-EPITAPH ON THE LATE KING OF THE SAND. difficulties with John Bull, he put one James directions. "Let him run," said the General; column to the Hon. Mr. Barnard, who accompanied his Excellency from this place to New-Bedford. in the office; a quiet soul, who, excepting that |" I thought he looked like a scape gallows." Thatcher's Military Journal.

so, snapping ther ingers in his face, to work gone," said the Doctor, "I have made four social virtues.

averse to coming to extremities with the old in Westminster, were discussing the political receiving the testimonials of respectful regard, lady, at length told her that he was altogeth- topics of the day, and among other subjects which through me, they have offered to the er of her opinion. He had however, near- touched upon the conduct of the Holy Allies, office I have the honor to sustain in the service ly run through his eight years; and Uncle "They are a blessed trio," said one of them, of the people. Sam had nothing to do but to look about for " and I esteem them so highly, that were they somebody to take his place. The old gentle- to come over here, I would most willingly work man, who loved method, had pasted up a set for them for nothing."—" Indeed!" said one of To the Hon. Hez. Barsard, of rules in his parlor, providing, that in case the company, "What trade are you, my good now at New-

Domestic Beonomist.

William who had been employed to keep the hoping that some of our good friends, who have or nia. He had seen seven Sovereigns on the day-book and ledger, and do all the cyphering chards will follow the directions, as good Cider is the threne of Russia, and remembered the death

for a long time in casks, like wine. room as effectually as a platoon of bayonets checks any further fermentation, and preserves would have done, when she proceeded to de- it in its fine vinous state. It is to be wished clare John duly elected; and there the matter that all cider makers would make a trial

tending may with correctness ascertain when delphia and Boston in three weeks, which used in the winter to require six weeks."

By command of the D. Post-Master General.

By command of the D. Post-Master General.

THOMAS DAY.

Iduor is in a nnc, genume, clear state, and must December next, at the House of Capt. Phillip face in the winter to require six weeks."

be drawn off immediately into clean casks, and ansoron, in Fryeburg, from ten o'clock A. M. to six this is the time to fumigate it with sulphur. To o'clock P. M. on said days.

this, take a strip of cantal or rag, about two THOMAS DAY.

Commissioners. WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Comptroller,

Different way of doing the same thing.—" Pray excuse me," said a well-dressed young man to a last in the second time to thing at the time to t it well; then put the cask in a cool place where it will not be disturbed, for the fining to settle.

Accent Omissions.

From the Nantucket Inquirer.

The following letter, so honorable to the head and

Dear Sir-I cannot permit your return to A Sailor having purchased some medicine of a the citizens of Nantucket, without bearing with celebrated Doctor, demanded the price .- you the renewed expressions of my most grate. "Why," says the Doctor, "I cannot think of ful sense of obligation to them, for the cordial her head; and one day by way of internal improvement, as she called it, began to spend money in making dykes and little turnpikes on some of the tenant's farms, saying that the constitution gave her the power by which she was understood to many that it was her arms and was walking off when the Doctor are prosecution of the important and hereaften. understood to mean, that it was her own migh- pence and was walking off, when the Doctor re- prosecution of the important and hazardous buty will and pleasure. James said, that she had minded him of his mistake—" No mistake at all, siness in which they are engaged, are no less no right to do it: but it was of little conse- sir; six is even and seven is odd all the world justly entitled to distinction for unostentations quence to her what he thought of the business; over, so I wish you a good day,"-" Get you patriotism, and a practical illustration of the

It will be among the most cherished of my recollections, that I have enjoyed the opportu-Some tradesmen the other evening, at a club nity of being witness to their prosperity, and

> LEVI LINCOLN, Your obt. servant,

now at New-Bedford.

Another of our countrymen, a son of New. A sailor was passing one of the petit street- Hampshire, intends connecting his destiny with auctioneers, a short time since, and stopped a the Greeks by espousing their cause in person moment to hear what was going on. "Going!" He is now in Boston, for the purpose of making

GREAT TROTTING .- On the 10th ult. a young of his neighbors, and had, in fact, paraded sir," exclaimed Jack, with a tone of unaffected horse, belonging to Archibald Willard, of Worthrough almost all the farms for miles round, patching up old grudges, and keeping fair weather. "No, d—n me, if you poke minutes and fifteen seconds, with apparent case, if on to us," replied the tar, and walked off.

The last Annual Obituary of the Russian empire published at St. Petersburgh, records the death of a man at the very advanced age of of Gustavus Adolphus. He had been a soldier In the thirty years war; at the battle of Puttowa, in 1709, he was 51 years of age. At the age of 93, he married his third wife, with whom as scuffling. Whenever the old gentleman wish- It is of importance in making cider, that the this marriage were 66 and 62, respectively, in ed to thresh any of his neighbors by proxy, he mill, the press, and all the materials be sweet the year 1796; the oldest of his other sons, in was sure to call on Andrew; and Andrew was and clean, and the straw clear from must. To the same year were 95 and 93 respectively. just as sure to beat the breath out of their bodies. make good cider the fruit should be ripe (but The entire family of this patriarch comprises He had one rather troublesome habit about not rotten) and when the apples are ground, if 138 descendants, who all lived together in the him; which was, that after returning from one the juice is left in the pumace twenty-four hours, village of Pollatzna, which the Empress Catha-

> running through said Village and Twenty Mile River-WATER. Said Stand is a rare chance for any Me-

CAUTION.

of this method; it is attended with no expense, and but little trouble, and will have the desired effect.

A LL persons are hereby cautioned against giving pense, and but little trouble, and will have the DEE DELANO, now residing in Peru, in the County The following advertisement is copied from the desired effect.

Pennsylvania Gazette, published in Philadelphia, Feb. I would recommend that the juice as it comes of Oxford; as he was, some years since, adjudged by Pennsylvania Gazette, published in Philadelphia, Feb. I would recommend that the junce as a court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Court of Probate, for said County, to be now tween the cities of Philadelphia and Boston, 70 years or vals: In this situation it is most likely to unclassed in the lien. Livermore, Sept. 26, 1825.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

THOMAS DAY, Frychurg, Sept. 20, 1625.

No paper discontinued, until all arrearages are paid, but at the option of the publisher. ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted, and ou the usual terms.

W-All letters, addressed to the publisher, Comment be post paid. Ca

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The Bible

New-Bedford, Sept. 14, 1825.

With sentiments of entire respect and esteem.

came in.

FOR SALE,

joyment of the most robust health.

CENTRALLY situated in Turner Fillage, about one half acre of LAND, lying between the main road

ISAAC EONNEY, 2d.
Turner Village, August 8, 1825. tf 53

ume more pr ry of all that comfort the la It opens to u felicity, it is t of charity, of virtue. It g beams of ce infuses into t terable conso tured vision c the radiant m

> It seems to good men to ings as long a powers of atta a long time b This practice death to rel uncommonly as the paren prayers shou They will the may unite in t or will probal pany whose and long addi

A man aske gled through